## APPENDIX D

## Travel and Parking

Traffic movements within our nurseries differs greatly from that experienced within a school environment. Use of the nursery by parents is over two session periods: morning and afternoon. The morning drop off starts at 7am and carries on through to around 09:00 (2 hours). The pick-ups occur from 12:00 though to 13.30 (1.5 hours), and then start again from 15:00 through to 19:00 (4 hours). This phased approach spreads the movements of traffic across the day.

It is proposed that the new nursery site ( 81 places) will have 9 designated car parking bays to allow for parent pick up and drop off and staff parking.

To provide an overview of designated car parking spaces against nursery capacity within our existing nursery sites please see the table below:

| Nursery | No of car park spaces | Building Type | Nursery capacity <br> (children) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bodmin | Drop off only | Single Storey | 66 |
| Bradley Stoke | 11 | Two Storey | 100 |
| Cheswick Village | 6 | Single Storey | 82 |
| Derriford | 21 | Single Storey | 146 |
| Exeter | 9 | Single Storey | 78 |
| Falmouth | 7 | Single Storey | 67 |
| Penair | 5 | Single Storey | 67 |
| Penrice | 4 | Single Storey | 67 |
| Playbox | 8 | Two Storey | 52 |
| St Blazey | 6 | Single Storey | 54 |
| St Minver | 5 | Single Storey | 30 |
| Summercourt * | 26 | Single Storey | 90 |
| Treliske | 7 | Single Storey | 42 |
| Treloggan | Drop off only | Single Storey | 44 |
| Treloweth | 17 | Single Storey | 100 |
| Truro City | 13 | Two Storey | 71 |

* Head office location with 20 car park spaces for staff

By way of comparison with existing Happy Days sites of a similar size we are confident that 9 car parking spaces is sufficient for the new nursery.

Transport methods used by Happy Days staff within existing sites include car, public transport, walking and cycling.

## Staff Profile

It is Happy Days aim to recruit, wherever possible, staff local to a setting as community knowledge and understanding within a staff team is of huge benefit to the families using the nursery. The typical staff profile of a Happy Days Nursery consists of a nursery management team including a

Nursery Manager and Deputy Manager, these positions may be filled by candidates living outside of the immediate area, therefore, they will be using their own transport to the nursery. It is anticipated that all other employees, including Room Supervisors, Nursery Nurses, Nursery Assistants, Nursery Admin and Chef will be employed locally. As with our other nursery settings a variety of modes of transport are used by our local employees including public transport, bicycles, walking, partners dropping off/picking up, cars and care share. Due to the operating hours of our nurseries, typically $7 \mathrm{am}-7 \mathrm{pm}$, staff work shifts; not all staff will be on site at all times.

## APPENDIX E

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Grovefield Way Cheltenham
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## APPENDIX F

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| Land Use : 02 - EMPLOYMECategory $:$ A-OFFICEVEHICLES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 02 SOUTH EAST |  |  |  |
|  | ES | EAST SUSSEX | 1 days |
|  | SC | SURREY | 1 days |
| 04 | EAST ANGLIA |  |  |
|  | CA | CAMBRIDGESHIRE | 1 days |
| 06 | WEST MI DLANDS |  |  |
|  | WM | WEST MIDLANDS | 1 days |
| 07 | YORKSHI RE \& NORTH LI NCOLNSHI RE |  |  |
|  | WY | WEST YORKSHIRE | 1 days |
| 08 | NORTH WEST |  |  |
|  | LC | LANCASHIRE | 1 days |
| 09 | NORTH |  |  |
|  | DH | DURHAM | 2 days |
|  | TW | TYNE \& WEAR | 3 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 186 to 6483 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 186 to 20000 (units: $s q m$ ) |

Public Transport Provision:
Selection by:
Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 08$ to $26 / 11 / 15$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 6 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday | 1 days |
| Thursday | 3 days |
| Friday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:
Manual count 11 days
Directional ATC Count 0 days
This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 7
Edge of Town 4
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{3}$ selection:

## Use Class:

B1
11 days
This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

| 1,001 to 5,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 4 days |
| 10,001 to 15,000 | 2 days |
| 15,001 to 20,000 | 1 days |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 75,001 to 100,000 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 1 days |
| 125,001 to 250,000 | 3 days |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 3 days |
| 500,001 or More | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.5 or Less | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.6 to 1.0 | 6 days |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 4 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

## Travel Plan:

No
11 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1 CA-02-A-04
BRETTON WAY
PETERBOROUGH
Edge of Town
Commercial Zone
Total Gross floor area: 6483 sqm Survey date: THURSDAY 20/10/11
2 DH-02-A-01 RPMI OFFICES
BRINKBURN ROAD
DARLINGTON
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area: 3372 sqm Survey date: FRIDAY 05/11/10
3 DH-02-A-02 CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
DURHAM ROAD
BOWBURN
NEAR DURHAM
Edge of Town
Industrial Zone
Total Gross floor area: 2000 sqm Survey date: TUESDAY 27/11/12
4 ES-02-A-09
HOUSI NG COMPANY
THE SIDINGS
ORE VALLEY
HASTINGS
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area: 186 sqm
Survey date: WEDNESDAY 19/12/12
5 LC-02-A-09 OFFICES
FURTHERGATE
BLACKBURN
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Built-Up Zone
Total Gross floor area: 2600 sqm Survey date: TUESDAY 04/06/13
6 SC-02-A-15
ACCOUNTANTS
BOXGROVE ROAD
GUILDFORD
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area: 1896 sqm
Survey date: TUESDAY 05/10/10
7 TW-02-A-03 DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
KINGFISHER BOULEVARD
LEMINGTON
NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE
Edge of Town
Commercial Zone
Total Gross floor area: 6480 sqm Survey date: THURSDAY 11/12/08

## CAMBRI DGESHIRE

Survey Type: MANUAL

## DURHAM

Survey Type: MANUAL

## DURHAM

## EAST SUSSEX

Survey Type: MANUAL LANCASHIRE

Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY

Survey Type: MANUAL

Survey Type: MANUAL

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

8 TW-02-A-04 HOUSI NG CO.
TYNE \& WEAR
EARLSWAY
TEAM VALLEY TRAD. EST.
GATESHEAD
Edge of Town
Industrial Zone
Total Gross floor area: 2500 sqm
Survey date: TUESDAY 29/09/09 Survey Type: MANUAL
9 TW-02-A-05 TELEVISION CO.
DELTA BANK ROAD
METRO RIVERSIDE PARK
GATESHEAD
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Commercial Zone
Total Gross floor area: 1500 sqm Survey date: TUESDAY 29/09/09
10 WM-02-A-04 OFFICE
BOURNVILLE LANE
BIRMINGHAM
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area:
1800 sqm
Survey date: TUESDAY 10/11/15

11 WY-02-A-03
OFFICE
VICTORIA ROAD
HEADINGLEY
LEEDS
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area: 2696 sqm Survey date: THURSDAY 17/06/10

## TYNE \& WEAR

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OfFICE

VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. <br> GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.768 | 11 | 2865 | 0.102 | 11 | 2865 | 0.870 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 11 | 2865 | 2.031 | 11 | 2865 | 0.254 | 11 | 2865 | 2.285 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 11 | 2865 | 1.174 | 11 | 2865 | 0.374 | 11 | 2865 | 1.548 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.454 | 11 | 2865 | 0.324 | 11 | 2865 | 0.778 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.301 | 11 | 2865 | 0.340 | 11 | 2865 | 0.641 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.498 | 11 | 2865 | 0.657 | 11 | 2865 | 1.155 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.657 | 11 | 2865 | 0.530 | 11 | 2865 | 1.187 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.454 | 11 | 2865 | 0.444 | 11 | 2865 | 0.898 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.244 | 11 | 2865 | 0.447 | 11 | 2865 | 0.691 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.276 | 11 | 2865 | 1.276 | 11 | 2865 | 1.552 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.171 | 11 | 2865 | 1.752 | 11 | 2865 | 1.923 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.051 | 11 | 2865 | 0.558 | 11 | 2865 | 0.609 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 7.079 |  |  | 7.058 |  |  | 14.137 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
186-6483 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/08-26/11/15
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
11
Number of Saturdays:
0
Number of Sundays:
0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
0
Surveys manually removed from selection:
0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE

TAXIS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. <br> GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.044 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.044 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.041 | 11 | 2865 | 0.038 | 11 | 2865 | 0.079 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.026 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 | 11 | 2865 | 0.038 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.013 | 11 | 2865 | 0.029 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.013 | 11 | 2865 | 0.013 | 11 | 2865 | 0.026 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.035 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.013 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 | 11 | 2865 | 0.044 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.193 |  |  | 0.197 |  |  | 0.390 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
186-6483 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/08-26/11/15
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
11
Number of Saturdays: 0
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.020 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.013 | 11 | 2865 | 0.029 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.009 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.009 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.059 |  |  | 0.057 |  |  | 0.116 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
186-6483 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/08-26/11/15
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
11
Number of Saturdays: 0
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
PSVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.022 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.012 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.009 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.009 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.076 |  |  | 0.072 |  |  | 0.148 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
186-6483 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/08-26/11/15
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
11
Number of Saturdays: 0
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/A - OFFICE
CYCLISTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.003 | 11 | 2865 | 0.016 | 11 | 2865 | 0.019 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 | 11 | 2865 | 0.010 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 11 | 2865 | 0.000 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 | 11 | 2865 | 0.006 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.031 |  |  | 0.032 |  |  | 0.063 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
186-6483 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:
01/01/08-26/11/15
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
11
Number of Saturdays: 0
Number of Sundays: 0
Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0
Surveys manually removed from selection: 0
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

| Land Use $\quad: 01-$ RETAILCategoryVEHICLES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Selected regions and areas: |  |  |  |
| 02 SOUTH EAST |  |  |  |
|  | ES | EAST SUSSEX | 1 days |
| 03 | SOUTH WEST |  |  |
|  | DC | DORSET | 1 days |
| 05 | EAST MI DLANDS |  |  |
|  | NR | NORTHAMPTONSHIRE | 1 days |
| 06 | WEST MI DLANDS |  |  |
|  | SH | SHROPSHIRE | 1 days |
| 08 | NORTH WEST |  |  |
|  | MS | MERSEYSIDE | 1 days |

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{2}$ selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 1165 to 1900 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 700 to 1900 (units: sqm) |

Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 00$ to $19 / 10 / 15$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday | 2 days |
| Thursday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:

| Manual count | 5 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 4
Edge of Town 1
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone 1
Commercial Zone 1
Residential Zone 1
Built-Up Zone 1
No Sub Category 1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{3}$ selection:

Use Class:

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS ${ }^{\circledR}$.

Population within 1 mile:

| 10,001 to 15,000 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 50,001 to 75,000 <br> 75,001 to 100,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 1 days |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 1 days |
| 500,001 or More | 1 days |
|  |  |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.

## Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 3 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Petrol filling station:
Included in the survey count Excluded from count or no filling station

$$
0 \text { days }
$$

$$
5 \text { days }
$$

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that include petrol filling station activity, and the number of surveys that do not.

Travel Plan:

| Not Known | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| No | 4 days |

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1 DC-01-C-02
LIDL
DORSET
POOLE ROAD
BRANKSOME
BOURNEMOUTH
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Commercial Zone
Total Gross floor area:
1334 sqm
Survey date: TUESDAY 15/07/08
2 ES-01-C-01
ALDI
LONDON ROAD
BEXHILL
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Built-Up Zone
Total Gross floor area:
1222 sqm
Survey date: THURSDAY 04/10/01
3 MS-01-C-03
ALDI
LAUREL ROAD
ELM PARK
LIVERPOOL
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Gross floor area:
1165 sqm
Survey date: WEDNESDAY 20/06/07
4 NR-01-C-01
ALDI
DALTON ROAD
CORBY
Edge of Town
Industrial Zone
Total Gross floor area:
1345 sqm
Survey date: WEDNESDAY 19/11/08
5 SH-01-C-01 LIDL
CASTLE STREET
HADLEY
TELFORD
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
No Sub Category
Total Gross floor area: 1900 sqm Survey date: TUESDAY 16/06/09

Survey Type: MANUAL

## EAST SUSSEX

Survey Type: MANUAL
MERSEYSIDE

Survey Type: MANUAL

## NORTHAMPTONSHI RE

Survey Type: MANUAL

## SHROPSHIRE

Survey Type: MANUAL
This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES

VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 2 | 1617 | 0.309 | 2 | 1617 | 0.155 | 2 | 1617 | 0.464 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.992 | 4 | 1436 | 0.714 | 4 | 1436 | 1.706 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 1393 | 3.603 | 5 | 1393 | 2.670 | 5 | 1393 | 6.273 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 1393 | 4.680 | 5 | 1393 | 4.421 | 5 | 1393 | 9.101 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 1393 | 4.737 | 5 | 1393 | 4.364 | 5 | 1393 | 9.101 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 1393 | 4.536 | 5 | 1393 | 4.709 | 5 | 1393 | 9.245 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 1393 | 4.048 | 5 | 1393 | 4.005 | 5 | 1393 | 8.053 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 1393 | 3.833 | 5 | 1393 | 3.790 | 5 | 1393 | 7.623 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 1393 | 3.890 | 5 | 1393 | 4.292 | 5 | 1393 | 8.182 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 1393 | 4.134 | 5 | 1393 | 3.962 | 5 | 1393 | 8.096 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1393 | 3.402 | 5 | 1393 | 4.292 | 5 | 1393 | 7.694 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1393 | 3.445 | 5 | 1393 | 3.460 | 5 | 1393 | 6.905 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 1436 | 1.358 | 4 | 1436 | 2.194 | 4 | 1436 | 3.552 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 1 | 1334 | 1.274 | 1 | 1334 | 1.649 | 1 | 1334 | 2.923 |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 44.241 |  |  | 44.677 |  |  | 88.918 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1165-1900 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
5
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 2 | 1617 | 0.031 | 2 | 1617 | 0.031 | 2 | 1617 | 0.062 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.017 | 4 | 1436 | 0.017 | 4 | 1436 | 0.034 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.028 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.058 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.144 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.058 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.028 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.234 |  |  | 0.235 |  |  | 0.469 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1165-1900 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
5
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
PSVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 2 | 1617 | 0.000 | 2 | 1617 | 0.000 | 2 | 1617 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.014 | 5 | 1393 | 0.028 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.043 |  |  | 0.042 |  |  | 0.085 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1165-1900 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
5
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
CYCLI STS

## Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 2 | 1617 | 0.031 | 2 | 1617 | 0.000 | 2 | 1617 | 0.031 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.017 | 4 | 1436 | 0.035 | 4 | 1436 | 0.052 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.115 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 | 5 | 1393 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.129 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.201 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 | 5 | 1393 | 0.057 | 5 | 1393 | 0.100 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.057 | 5 | 1393 | 0.057 | 5 | 1393 | 0.114 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 | 5 | 1393 | 0.057 | 5 | 1393 | 0.100 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 | 5 | 1393 | 0.029 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.072 | 5 | 1393 | 0.144 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.115 | 5 | 1393 | 0.129 | 5 | 1393 | 0.244 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1393 | 0.057 | 5 | 1393 | 0.043 | 5 | 1393 | 0.100 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 1436 | 0.070 | 4 | 1436 | 0.000 | 4 | 1436 | 0.070 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 | 1 | 1334 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.720 |  |  | 0.623 |  |  | 1.343 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

1165-1900 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
5
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRIP RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

```
Land Use : 01-RETAIL
Category : C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
VEHI CLES
```

Selected regions and areas:
02 SOUTH EAST
ES EAST SUSSEX 1 days
03 SOUTH WEST
BR BRISTOL CITY
07 YORKSHI RE \& NORTH LI NCOLNSHI RE
NY NORTH YORKSHIRE
1 days
09 NORTH
CB CUMBRIA 1 days
10 WALES
CP CAERPHILLY
1 days
SW SWANSEA 1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 900 to 1250 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 700 to 1900 (units: sqm) |

Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 00$ to $19 / 10 / 15$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:
Saturday 6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

| Selected survey types: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manual count | 6 days |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

## Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 5
Edge of Town 1
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone 1
Commercial Zone 1
Residential Zone 2
Built-Up Zone 1
No Sub Category 1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{3}$ selection:

Use Class:

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

| 1,001 to 5,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10,001 to 15,000 | 2 days |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:
5,001 to $25,000 \quad 1$ days
75,001 to $100,000 \quad 2$ days
125,001 to $250,000 \quad 2$ days
250,001 to 500,000 1 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 4 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Petrol filling station:

| Included in the survey count | 0 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Excluded from count or no filling station | 6 days |

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that include petrol filling station activity, and the number of surveys that do not.

Travel Plan:
Not Known 1 days
No 5 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

| 1 | BR-01-C-01 LID |  | BRISTOL CITY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LAWRENCE HILL |  |  |
|  | LAWRENCE HILL |  |  |
|  | BRISTOL |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Industrial Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 1007 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 17/05/03 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 2 | CB-01-C-01 ALDI |  | CUMBRIA |
|  | KINGSTOWN ROAD |  |  |
|  | KINGSTOWN |  |  |
|  | CARLISLE |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 1216 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 07/09/02 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 3 | CP-01-C-01 KWI K SAVE |  | CAERPHILLY |
|  | FIELDS ROAD |  |  |
|  | PONTYMINSTER |  |  |
|  | RISCA |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | No Sub Category |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 900 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 03/09/05 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 4 | ES-01-C-01 ALDI |  | EAST SUSSEX |
|  | LONDON ROAD |  |  |
|  | BEXHILL |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Built-Up Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 1222 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 06/10/01 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 5 | NY-01-C-01 NETTO |  | NORTH YORKSHI RE |
|  | LAYERTHORPE |  |  |
|  | YORK |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Commercial Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 1250 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 21/05/05 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 6 | SW-01-C-01 LIDL |  | SWANSEA |
|  | PENTREGETHIN ROAD |  |  |
|  | PEN-LAN |  |  |
|  | SWANSEA |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 969 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: SATURDAY | 14/09/02 | Survey Type: MANUAL |

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES

VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 1158 | 0.777 | 3 | 1158 | 0.173 | 3 | 1158 | 0.950 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 1068 | 1.760 | 5 | 1068 | 0.936 | 5 | 1068 | 2.696 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 6 | 1094 | 4.799 | 6 | 1094 | 3.870 | 6 | 1094 | 8.669 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 1094 | 5.881 | 6 | 1094 | 5.271 | 6 | 1094 | 11.152 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 6 | 1094 | 6.886 | 6 | 1094 | 6.459 | 6 | 1094 | 13.345 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 6 | 1094 | 5.941 | 6 | 1094 | 6.246 | 6 | 1094 | 12.187 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 6 | 1094 | 6.185 | 6 | 1094 | 6.033 | 6 | 1094 | 12.218 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 6 | 1094 | 6.368 | 6 | 1094 | 6.277 | 6 | 1094 | 12.645 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 6 | 1094 | 5.545 | 6 | 1094 | 6.307 | 6 | 1094 | 11.852 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 6 | 1094 | 4.509 | 6 | 1094 | 4.677 | 6 | 1094 | 9.186 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1068 | 2.920 | 5 | 1068 | 4.249 | 5 | 1068 | 7.169 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.936 | 5 | 1068 | 1.235 | 5 | 1068 | 2.171 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 1 | 900 | 1.111 | , | 900 | 1.889 | 1 | 900 | 3.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 53.618 |  |  | 53.622 |  |  | 107.240 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

900-1250 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
0
6
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 1158 | 0.058 | 3 | 1158 | 0.029 | 3 | 1158 | 0.087 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.037 | 5 | 1068 | 0.056 | 5 | 1068 | 0.093 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 | 6 | 1094 | 0.045 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.019 | 5 | 1068 | 0.019 | 5 | 1068 | 0.038 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.189 |  |  | 0.179 |  |  | 0.368 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

900-1250 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
0
6
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
PSVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.019 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.019 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 | 6 | 1094 | 0.000 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.015 | 6 | 1094 | 0.046 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.064 |  |  | 0.046 |  |  | 0.110 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

900-1250 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
0
6
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 01 - RETAIL/C - DISCOUNT FOOD STORES
CYCLI STS

## Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 | 3 | 1158 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.037 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.037 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 | 6 | 1094 | 0.046 | 6 | 1094 | 0.076 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.076 | 6 | 1094 | 0.030 | 6 | 1094 | 0.106 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.091 | 6 | 1094 | 0.137 | 6 | 1094 | 0.228 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 | 6 | 1094 | 0.046 | 6 | 1094 | 0.107 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.107 | 6 | 1094 | 0.122 | 6 | 1094 | 0.229 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 | 6 | 1094 | 0.122 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.046 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 | 6 | 1094 | 0.107 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 6 | 1094 | 0.046 | 6 | 1094 | 0.061 | 6 | 1094 | 0.107 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.056 | 5 | 1068 | 0.056 | 5 | 1068 | 0.112 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 | 5 | 1068 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 | 1 | 900 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.611 |  |  | 0.620 |  |  | 1.231 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

900-1250 (units: sqm)
01/01/00-19/10/15
0
6
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRI P RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

```
Land Use : 06-HOTEL, FOOD & DRINK
Category : D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
VEHICLES
Selected regions and areas:
02 SOUTH EAST
    SO SLOUGH 1 days
04 EAST ANGLIA
    CA CAMBRIDGESHIRE 1 days
06 WEST MIDLANDS
    WM WEST MIDLANDS 1 days
10 WALES
    CO CONWY 1 days
```

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{2}$ selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 250 to 480 (units: sqm) |  |
| Range Selected by User: | 210 to 800 (units: sqm) |  |
| Public Transport Provision: |  | Include all surveys |

Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 08$ to $21 / 09 / 15$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Tuesday | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday | 2 days |
| Friday | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:

```
Manual count 4 days
Directional ATC Count 0 days
```

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 2
Edge of Town 2
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Residential Zone 2
Out of Town 1
No Sub Category 1
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{3}$ selection:

| Use Class: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| A3 | 2 days |
| A5 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $®$.

Population within 1 mile:

| 5,001 to 10,000 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

| Population within 5 miles: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 1 days |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 2 days |
| 500,001 or More | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:

| 0.6 to 1.0 | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:
No 4 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

| 1 | CA-06-D-01 MCDONALDS NEWMARKET ROAD |  | CAMBRIDGESHIRE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CAMBRIDGE |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 450 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: WEDNESDAY | 19/10/11 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 2 | CO-06-D-01 MCDONALD'S |  | CONWY |
|  | RHUDDLAN ROAD |  |  |
|  | ABERGELE |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Out of Town |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 410 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: FRIDAY | 21/10/11 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 3 | SO-06-D-01 MCDONALD'S |  | SLOUGH |
|  | WINDSOR ROAD |  |  |
|  | SLOUGH |  |  |
|  | Edge of Town |  |  |
|  | Residential Zone |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 480 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: WEDNESDAY | 21/11/12 | Survey Type: MANUAL |
| 4 | WM-06-D-01 BURGER KING |  | WEST MI DLANDS |
|  | KINGSBURY ROAD |  |  |
|  | ERDINGTON |  |  |
|  | BIRMINGHAM |  |  |
|  | Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) |  |  |
|  | No Sub Category |  |  |
|  | Total Gross floor area: | 250 sqm |  |
|  | Survey date: TUESDAY | 25/11/08 | Survey Type: MANUAL |

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.417 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.417 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 3 | 447 | 2.761 | 3 | 447 | 2.164 | 3 | 447 | 4.925 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 447 | 6.866 | 3 | 447 | 5.522 | 3 | 447 | 12.388 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 447 | 9.328 | 3 | 447 | 8.657 | 3 | 447 | 17.985 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 398 | 6.730 | 4 | 398 | 6.855 | 4 | 398 | 13.585 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 398 | 7.296 | 4 | 398 | 7.799 | 4 | 398 | 15.095 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 398 | 7.673 | 4 | 398 | 7.233 | 4 | 398 | 14.906 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 398 | 11.761 | 4 | 398 | 11.132 | 4 | 398 | 22.893 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 398 | 11.384 | 4 | 398 | 11.195 | 4 | 398 | 22.579 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 398 | 7.673 | 4 | 398 | 9.811 | 4 | 398 | 17.484 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 398 | 8.113 | 4 | 398 | 7.358 | 4 | 398 | 15.471 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 398 | 8.931 | 4 | 398 | 8.868 | 4 | 398 | 17.799 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 398 | 8.239 | 4 | 398 | 7.736 | 4 | 398 | 15.975 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 398 | 8.113 | 4 | 398 | 8.428 | 4 | 398 | 16.541 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 398 | 7.673 | 4 | 398 | 7.799 | 4 | 398 | 15.472 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 4 | 398 | 4.151 | 4 | 398 | 4.969 | 4 | 398 | 9.120 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 4 | 398 | 2.893 | 4 | 398 | 3.145 | 4 | 398 | 6.038 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 445 | 3.371 | 2 | 445 | 4.045 | 2 | 445 | 7.416 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.417 | 1 | 480 | 0.417 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 123.373 |  |  | 123.133 |  |  | 246.506 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

250-480 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
4
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
TAXIS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

250-480 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
4
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.126 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.126 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.126 |  |  | 0.126 |  |  | 0.252 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

250-480 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
4
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
PSVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

250-480 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
4
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
CYCLISTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.149 | 3 | 447 | 0.000 | 3 | 447 | 0.149 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 3 | 447 | 0.075 | 3 | 447 | 0.224 | 3 | 447 | 0.299 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.126 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.377 | 4 | 398 | 0.377 | 4 | 398 | 0.754 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.063 | 4 | 398 | 0.126 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 | 4 | 398 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 | 2 | 445 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 | 1 | 480 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.727 |  |  | 0.727 |  |  | 1.454 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

250-480 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
4
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRI P RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

```
Land Use : 06-HOTEL, FOOD & DRINK
Category : D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
VEHI CLES
```


## Selected regions and areas:

## 10 WALES

CE CEREDIGION
NW NEWPORT
1 days
1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{2}$ selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

| Parameter: | Gross floor area |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actual Range: | 341 to 350 (units: sqm) |
| Range Selected by User: | 210 to 800 (units: sqm) |

## Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 08$ to $21 / 09 / 15$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:
Saturday 2 days
This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.
Selected survey types:

| Manual count | 2 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Edge of Town

## 2

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Retail Zone
2
This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

## Filtering Stage 3 selection:

| Use Class: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| A3 | 1 days |
| A5 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS $\circledR_{\text {. }}$

## Filtering Stage 3 selection (Cont.):

Population within 1 mile: 10,001 to 15,000 2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

```
Population within 5 miles:
25,001 to 50,000 1 days
125,001 to 250,000 1 days
```

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.

| Car ownership within 5 miles: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.6 to 1.0 | 1 days |
| 1.1 to 1.5 | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

## Travel Plan: <br> No

## 2 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1 CE-06-D-01 MCDONALD'S
FFORDD PARC Y LLYN
ABERYSTWYTH
Edge of Town
Retail Zone
Total Gross floor area:
350 sqm

Survey date: SATURDAY
2 NW-06-D-01 KFC
SPYTTY ROAD
NEWPORT
Edge of Town
Retail Zone
Total Gross floor area:
Survey date: SATURDAY

09/05/15

341 sqm
16/10/10

## CEREDIGION

Survey Type: MANUAL

## NEWPORT



This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
VEHI CLES
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. <br> GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 350 | 1.429 | 1 | 350 | 0.857 | 1 | 350 | 2.286 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 1 | 350 | 7.714 | 1 | 350 | 5.143 | 1 | 350 | 12.857 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 350 | 9.143 | 1 | 350 | 6.857 | 1 | 350 | 16.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 2 | 346 | 7.959 | 2 | 346 | 7.381 | 2 | 346 | 15.340 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 2 | 346 | 15.051 | 2 | 346 | 12.880 | 2 | 346 | 27.931 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 2 | 346 | 15.051 | 2 | 346 | 15.485 | 2 | 346 | 30.536 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 2 | 346 | 20.260 | 2 | 346 | 16.787 | 2 | 346 | 37.047 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 2 | 346 | 28.509 | 2 | 346 | 26.339 | 2 | 346 | 54.848 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 2 | 346 | 27.062 | 2 | 346 | 29.522 | 2 | 346 | 56.584 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 2 | 346 | 25.036 | 2 | 346 | 22.287 | 2 | 346 | 47.323 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 2 | 346 | 20.405 | 2 | 346 | 22.865 | 2 | 346 | 43.270 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 2 | 346 | 18.958 | 2 | 346 | 20.116 | 2 | 346 | 39.074 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 2 | 346 | 16.208 | 2 | 346 | 16.787 | 2 | 346 | 32.995 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 2 | 346 | 21.418 | 2 | 346 | 20.550 | 2 | 346 | 41.968 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 2 | 346 | 18.379 | 2 | 346 | 19.971 | 2 | 346 | 38.350 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 2 | 346 | 11.577 | 2 | 346 | 12.446 | 2 | 346 | 24.023 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 346 | 11.577 | 2 | 346 | 11.722 | 2 | 346 | 23.299 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 346 | 7.959 | 2 | 346 | 9.986 | 2 | 346 | 17.945 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 350 | 12.571 | 1 | 350 | 14.000 | 1 | 350 | 26.571 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 296.266 |  |  | 291.981 |  |  | 588.247 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

341-350 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
0
2
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
TAXIS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.289 | 2 | 346 | 0.289 | 2 | 346 | 0.578 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 | 2 | 346 | 0.290 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.434 |  |  | 0.434 |  |  | 0.868 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

341-350 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
0
2
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
OGVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 | 2 | 346 | 0.145 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.434 | 2 | 346 | 0.579 | 2 | 346 | 1.013 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.579 |  |  | 0.724 |  |  | 1.303 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

341-350 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
0
2
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
PSVS
Calculation factor: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

341-350 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
0
2
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 06 - HOTEL, FOOD \& DRINK/D - FAST FOOD - DRIVE THROUGH
CYCLISTS
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

## BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

| Time Range | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. GFA | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 06:00-07:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 07:00-08:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.289 | 2 | 346 | 0.289 | 2 | 346 | 0.578 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 20:00-21:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 21:00-22:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 22:00-23:00 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 | 2 | 346 | 0.000 |
| 23:00-24:00 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 | 1 | 350 | 0.000 |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.289 |  |  | 0.289 |  |  | 0.578 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

341-350 (units: sqm)
01/01/08-21/09/15
0
2
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRI P RATE CALCULATI ON SELECTI ON PARAMETERS:

```
Land Use : 04-EDUCATION
Category : D - NURSERY
VEHI CLES
Selected regions and areas:
02 SOUTH EAST
    KC KENT 1 days
05 EAST MI DLANDS
    LE LEICESTERSHIRE 1 days
    NR NORTHAMPTONSHIRE 1 days
0 8 ~ N O R T H ~ W E S T
    GM GREATER MANCHESTER 1 days
0 9 ~ N O R T H
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
DH & DURHAM & 1 days \\
TW & TYNE \& WEAR & 1 days
\end{tabular}
10 WALES
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
BG & BRIDGEND & 1 days \\
GW & GWYNEDD & 1 days
\end{tabular}
```

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{2}$ selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of Employees
Actual Range: $\quad 8$ to 40 (units:)
Range Selected by User: 5 to 50 (units: )
Public Transport Provision:
Selection by: Include all surveys
Date Range: $\quad 01 / 01 / 08$ to $10 / 12 / 14$
This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

| Monday | 3 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wednesday | 3 days |
| Thursday | 2 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

## Selected survey types:

| Manual count | 8 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| Directional ATC Count | 0 days |

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) 5
Edge of Town 3
This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:
Industrial Zone 1
Commercial Zone 1
Residential Zone 6

## Filtering Stage $\mathbf{3}$ selection:

Use Class:
D1 8 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

| 1,000 or Less | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1,001 to 5,000 | 1 days |
| 10,001 to 15,000 | 2 days |
| 20,001 to 25,000 | 1 days |
| 25,001 to 50,000 | 3 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.
Population within 5 miles:

| 25,001 to 50,000 | 1 days |
| :--- | :--- |
| 75,001 to 100,000 | 3 days |
| 100,001 to 125,000 | 1 days |
| 250,001 to 500,000 | 2 days |
| 500,001 or More | 1 days |

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5 -mile radii of population.
Car ownership within 5 miles:
0.6 to 1.0
3 days
1.1 to 1.5
5 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5 -miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:
No 8 days
This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { TRICS 7.3.2 } 260716 \text { B17.39 } & \text { (C) } 2016 \text { TRICS Consortium Ltd }\end{array}$

## LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1 BG-04-D-01
NURSERY
GEORGE STREET
BRIDGEND IND. ESTATE
BRIDGEND
Edge of Town
Industrial Zone
Total Number of Employees: 4
Survey date: MONDAY 13/10/14
2 DH-04-D-02 NURSERY
PRIORY ROAD
FRAMWELLGATE MOOR
DURHAM
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees:
Survey date: THURSDAY
19
27/11/08
3 GM-04-D-01
RUFFORD ROAD
WHALLEY RANGE
MANCHESTER
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees:
Survey date: MONDAY
12
16/11/09
4 GW-04-D-01 NURSERY
FFORDD GELLI MORGAN
PARC MENAI
BANGOR
Edge of Town
Commercial Zone
Total Number of Employees: 20
Survey date: MONDAY 13/07/09
5 KC-04-D-01 NURSERY
PEMBURY ROAD

TONBRIDGE
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees: 20
Survey date: WEDNESDAY 09/12/09
6 LE-04-D-01
NURSERY
WIGSTON ROAD
OADBY
LEICESTER
Edge of Town
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees:
Survey date: THURSDAY
7 NR-04-D-02 NURSERY
PARK AVENUE

## KETTERING

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees:
Survey date: WEDNESDAY

## BRI DGEND

Survey Type: MANUAL DURHAM

Survey Type: MANUAL

## GREATER MANCHESTER

Survey Type: MANUAL

## GWYNEDD

## KENT

Survey Type: MANUAL LEICESTERSHI RE

Survey Type: MANUAL NORTHAMPTONSHI RE

Survey Type: MANUAL

| TRICS 7.3.2 260716 B17.39 | (C) 2016 TRICS Consortium Ltd | Monday 19/09/ 16 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Nursery | Page $\mathbf{4}$ |  |
| Transport Planning Associates | King Street | Bristol |

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)
8 TW-04-D-02 ETTRICK GROVE HIGH BARNES
SUNDERLAND
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)
Residential Zone
Total Number of Employees: 18
Survey date: WEDNESDAY 28/11/12 Survey Type: MANUAL
This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 04 - EDUCATION/D - NURSERY

## VEHI CLES

Calculation factor: 1 EMPLOY
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 19 | 0.485 | 7 | 19 | 0.254 | 7 | 19 | 0.739 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 8 | 19 | 1.128 | 8 | 19 | 0.993 | 8 | 19 | 2.121 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.443 | 8 | 19 | 0.423 | 8 | 19 | 0.866 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.101 | 8 | 19 | 0.067 | 8 | 19 | 0.168 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.128 | 8 | 19 | 0.141 | 8 | 19 | 0.269 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.195 | 8 | 19 | 0.181 | 8 | 19 | 0.376 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.201 | 8 | 19 | 0.282 | 8 | 19 | 0.483 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.154 | 8 | 19 | 0.134 | 8 | 19 | 0.288 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.309 | 8 | 19 | 0.309 | 8 | 19 | 0.618 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.557 | 8 | 19 | 0.550 | 8 | 19 | 1.107 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.772 | 8 | 19 | 0.960 | 8 | 19 | 1.732 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 18 | 0.093 | 7 | 18 | 0.279 | 7 | 18 | 0.372 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 4.566 |  |  | 4.573 |  |  | 9.139 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

8-40 (units: )
01/01/08-10/12/14
8
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## TRIP RATE for Land Use 04 - EDUCATION/D - NURSERY

## TAXIS

Calculation factor: 1 EMPLOY
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 19 | 0.023 | 7 | 19 | 0.015 | 7 | 19 | 0.038 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.020 | 8 | 19 | 0.033 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.014 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.026 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 18 | 0.008 | 7 | 18 | 0.008 | 7 | 18 | 0.016 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.064 |  |  | 0.063 |  |  | 0.127 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

8-40 (units: )
01/01/08-10/12/14
8
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 04 - EDUCATION/D - NURSERY

## OGVS

Calculation factor: 1 EMPLOY
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.020 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.021 |  |  | 0.020 |  |  | 0.041 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

8-40 (units: )
01/01/08-10/12/14
8
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 04 - EDUCATION/D - NURSERY
PSVS
Calculation factor: 1 EMPLOY
BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.014 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.007 |  |  | 0.007 |  |  | 0.014 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

8-40 (units: )
01/01/08-10/12/14
8
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 04 - EDUCATION/D - NURSERY
CYCLI STS

## Calculation factor: 1 EMPLOY

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

|  | ARRIVALS |  |  | DEPARTURES |  |  | TOTALS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Range | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate | No. Days | Ave. EMPLOY | Trip Rate |
| 00:00-01:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01:00-02:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02:00-03:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03:00-04:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:00-05:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:00-06:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:00-07:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00-08:00 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 | 7 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 08:00-09:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.007 | 8 | 19 | 0.020 |
| 09:00-10:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 10:00-11:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 11:00-12:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 12:00-13:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 13:00-14:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 14:00-15:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 15:00-16:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 16:00-17:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 | 8 | 19 | 0.000 |
| 17:00-18:00 | 8 | 19 | 0.013 | 8 | 19 | 0.020 | 8 | 19 | 0.033 |
| 18:00-19:00 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 | 7 | 18 | 0.000 |
| 19:00-20:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20:00-21:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21:00-22:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22:00-23:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23:00-24:00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Rates: |  |  | 0.026 |  |  | 0.027 |  |  | 0.053 |

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:
Survey date date range:
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):
Number of Saturdays:
Number of Sundays:
Surveys automatically removed from selection:
Surveys manually removed from selection:

8-40 (units: )
01/01/08-10/12/14
8
0
0
0
0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

## APPENDIX G

## User and Project Details

| Project: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Title: | A40 Corridor <br> Cocation: |
| Cheltenham |  |
| File name: | Arle Court rdbt.lsg3x |
| Author: |  |
| Company: |  |
| Address: |  |

Scenario 5: '2023 Saturday Base' (FG5: '2023 Saturday Base', Plan 1: 'Network Control Plan 1')
Network Layout Diagram


## Basic Results Summary

## Traffic Flows, Desired

Desired Flow :

|  | Destination |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Origin |  | A | B | C | D | E | Tot. |
|  | A | 0 | 23 | 28 | 72 | 19 | 142 |
|  | B | 30 | 0 | 36 | 105 | 228 | 399 |
|  | C | 38 | 67 | 0 | 316 | 1066 | 1487 |
|  | D | 91 | 98 | 365 | 0 | 355 | 909 |
|  | E | 17 | 166 | 1151 | 541 | 0 | 1875 |
|  | Tot. | 176 | 354 | 1580 | 1034 | 1668 | 4812 |

Basic Results Summary
Network Results

| Item | Lane Description | Lane <br> Type | Full Phase | Arrow Phase | Num Greens | Total Green (s) | Arrow Green (s) | Demand Flow (pcu) | Sat Flow (pcu/Hr) | Capacity (pcu) | Deg Sat <br> (\%) | Turners In Gaps (pcu) | Turners When Unopposed (pcu) | Turners In Intergreen (pcu) | Total Delay (pcuHr) | Av. <br> Delay <br> Per PCU <br> (s/pcu) | Mean Max Queue (pcu) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network: A40 Corridor | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 81.9\% | 2277 | 0 | 0 | 35.3 | - | - |
| Arle Court Roundabout | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 81.9\% | 2277 | 0 | 0 | 35.3 | - | - |
| 1/1+1/2 | Fiddler's Green Lane Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 142 | 1800:1800 | 436+112 | $\begin{gathered} 25.9: \\ 25.9 \% \end{gathered}$ | 284 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 7.7 | 1.1 |
| 2/1 | A40 East Ahead Left | U | A |  | 1 | 51 | - | 877 | 1909 | 1103 | 79.5\% | - | - | - | 5.5 | 22.7 | 19.0 |
| 2/2+2/3 | A40 East Ahead | U | A |  | 1 | 51 | - | 998 | 2038:2038 | 995+223 | $\begin{aligned} & 81.9: \\ & 81.9 \% \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 6.2 | 22.3 | 20.5 |
| 3/1 | Hatherley Lane Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 365 | 1800 | 805 | 45.3\% | 365 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| 3/2+3/3 | Hatherley Lane Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 544 | 1800:1800 | $533+488$ | $\begin{gathered} 53.3: \\ 53.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | 1088 | 0 | 0 | 1.6 | 10.9 | 4.8 |
| 4/1 | A40 West Ahead Left | U | C |  | 1 | 43 | - | 578 | 1943 | 950 | 60.8\% | - | - | - | 3.5 | 21.6 | 11.2 |
| 4/2+4/3 | A40 West Ahead | U | C |  | 1 | 43 | - | 909 | 2093:2088 | 819+436 | $\begin{gathered} 72.4: \\ 72.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 5.2 | 20.7 | 11.8 |
| 5/1 | B4063 Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 258 | 1800 | 910 | 28.4\% | 258 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| 5/2+5/3 | B4063 Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 141 | 1800:1800 | 0+501 | $\begin{gathered} 0.0: \\ 28.2 \% \end{gathered}$ | 282 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 8.4 | 1.3 |
| 7/1 | Eastern Cirulatory Ahead | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 493 | 1989 | 619 | 79.7\% | - | - | - | 5.2 | 37.8 | 9.1 |
| 7/2 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 52 | 2099 | 653 | 8.0\% | - | - | - | 0.4 | 29.5 | 1.1 |
| 7/3 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 35 | 2096 | 652 | 5.4\% | - | - | - | 0.3 | 30.1 | 0.7 |
| 9/1 | South Western Circulatory Ahead | U | D |  | 1 | 35 | - | 287 | 1995 | 798 | 36.0\% | - | - | - | 1.7 | 20.9 | 4.6 |



Basic Results Summary
Scenario 6: '2023 Saturday Base + Committed' (FG6: '2023 Saturday Base + Committed', Plan 1: 'Network Control Plan 1')
Network Layout Diagram


Traffic Flows, Desired
Desired Flow :

|  | Destination |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Origin |  | A | B | C | D | E | Tot. |
|  | A | 0 | 23 | 28 | 75 | 19 | 145 |
|  | B | 30 | 0 | 36 | 108 | 228 | 402 |
|  | C | 38 | 67 | 0 | 327 | 1066 | 1498 |
|  | D | 93 | 100 | 373 | 0 | 363 | 929 |
|  | E | 17 | 166 | 1151 | 559 | 0 | 1893 |
|  | Tot. | 178 | 356 | 1588 | 1069 | 1676 | 4867 |

Basic Results Summary
Network Results

| Item | Lane Description | Lane Type | Full Phase | Arrow Phase | Num Greens | Total Green (s) | Arrow Green (s) | Demand <br> Flow <br> (pcu) | Sat Flow (pcu/Hr) | Capacity (pcu) | Deg Sat <br> (\%) | Turners In Gaps (pcu) | Turners <br> When Unopposed (pcu) | Turners In Intergreen (pcu) | Total Delay (pcuHr) | Av. <br> Delay <br> Per PCU <br> (s/pcu) | Mean <br> Max Queue (pcu) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network: A40 Corridor | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 82.7\% | 2321 | 0 | 0 | 37.6 | - | - |
| Arle Court Roundabout | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 82.7\% | 2321 | 0 | 0 | 37.6 | - | - |
| 1/1+1/2 | Fiddler's Green Lane Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 145 | 1800:1800 | 440+110 | $\begin{gathered} 26.3: \\ 26.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | 290 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 8.4 | 1.2 |
| 2/1 | A40 East Ahead Left | U | A |  | 1 | 51 | - | 886 | 1910 | 1104 | 80.3\% | - | - | - | 5.7 | 23.1 | 19.2 |
| 2/2+2/3 | A40 East Ahead | U | A |  | 1 | 51 | - | 1007 | 2038:2038 | $997+221$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82.7 \text { : } \\ & 82.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 6.4 | 22.8 | 21.1 |
| 3/1 | Hatherley Lane Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 373 | 1800 | 827 | 45.1\% | 373 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 4.0 | 0.4 |
| 3/2+3/3 | Hatherley Lane Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 556 | 1800:1800 | $533+485$ | $\begin{gathered} 54.6: \\ 54.6 \% \end{gathered}$ | 1112 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 | 11.0 | 5.0 |
| 4/1 | A40 West Ahead Left | U | C |  | 1 | 39 | - | 583 | 1943 | 864 | 67.5\% | - | - | - | 4.2 | 26.2 | 12.5 |
| 4/2+4/3 | A40 West Ahead | U | C |  | 1 | 39 | - | 915 | 2093:2088 | $754+419$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.0: \\ & 78.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 6.4 | 25.2 | 13.5 |
| 5/1 | B4063 Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 258 | 1800 | 905 | 28.5\% | 258 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| 5/2+5/3 | B4063 Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 144 | 1800:1800 | 0+508 | $\begin{gathered} 0.0: \\ 28.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | 288 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 9.0 | 1.4 |
| 7/1 | Eastern Cirulatory Ahead | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 510 | 1989 | 619 | 82.4\% | - | - | - | 5.4 | 38.4 | 9.3 |
| 7/2 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 51 | 2099 | 653 | 7.8\% | - | - | - | 0.4 | 29.6 | 1.1 |
| 7/3 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 27 | - | 36 | 2096 | 652 | 5.5\% | - | - | - | 0.3 | 30.4 | 0.8 |
| 9/1 | South Western Circulatory Ahead | U | D |  | 1 | 39 | - | 289 | 1995 | 887 | 32.6\% | - | - | - | 1.5 | 18.4 | 4.3 |



Scenario 7: '2023 Saturday Base + Committed + Development' (FG7: '2023 Saturday Base + Committed + Development', Plan 1: 'Network Control Plan 1')

## Network Layout Diagram



Traffic Flows, Desired
Desired Flow :

|  | Destination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Origin |  | A | B | C | D | E | Tot. |  |  |
|  | A | 0 | 19 | 28 | 81 | 19 | 147 |  |  |
|  | B | 30 | 0 | 36 | 117 | 228 | 411 |  |  |
|  | C | 38 | 67 | 0 | 354 | 1066 | 1525 |  |  |
|  | D | 99 | 107 | 397 | 0 | 387 | 990 |  |  |
|  | E | 17 | 166 | 1151 | 606 | 0 | 1940 |  |  |
|  | Tot. | 184 | 359 | 1612 | 1158 | 1700 | 5013 |  |  |

Basic Results Summary
Network Results

| Item | Lane Description | Lane Type | Full Phase | Arrow Phase | Num Greens | Total Green (s) | Arrow Green (s) | Demand <br> Flow <br> (pcu) | Sat Flow (pcu/Hr) | Capacity (pcu) | Deg Sat <br> (\%) | Turners In Gaps (pcu) | Turners <br> When Unopposed (pcu) | Turners In Intergreen (pcu) | Total Delay (pcuHr) | Av. <br> Delay <br> Per PCU <br> (s/pcu) | Mean <br> Max Queue (pcu) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network: A40 Corridor | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 87.6\% | 2441 | 0 | 0 | 43.6 | - | - |
| Arle Court Roundabout | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 87.6\% | 2441 | 0 | 0 | 43.6 | - | - |
| 1/1+1/2 | Fiddler's Green Lane Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 147 | 1800:1800 | 434+93 | $\begin{gathered} 27.9: \\ 27.9 \% \end{gathered}$ | 294 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 9.6 | 1.4 |
| 2/1 | A40 East Ahead Left | U | A |  | 1 | 49 | - | 914 | 1911 | 1062 | 86.1\% | - | - | - | 7.3 | 28.8 | 22.3 |
| 2/2+2/3 | A40 East Ahead | U | A |  | 1 | 49 | - | 1026 | 2038:2038 | 963+209 | $\begin{aligned} & 87.6 \text { : } \\ & 87.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 8.0 | 28.2 | 24.2 |
| 3/1 | Hatherley Lane Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 397 | 1800 | 813 | 48.8\% | 397 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 4.3 | 0.5 |
| 3/2+3/3 | Hatherley Lane Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 593 | 1800:1800 | 534+474 | $\begin{gathered} 58.8: \\ 58.8 \% \end{gathered}$ | 1186 | 0 | 0 | 2.0 | 12.2 | 5.9 |
| 4/1 | A40 West Ahead Left | U | C |  | 1 | 36 | - | 589 | 1943 | 799 | 73.7\% | - | - | - | 5.0 | 30.9 | 13.8 |
| 4/2+4/3 | A40 West Ahead | U | C |  | 1 | 36 | - | 936 | 2093:2088 | 700+426 | $\begin{gathered} 83.1: \\ 83.1 \% \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 7.8 | 29.9 | 15.5 |
| 5/1 | B4063 Ahead Left | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 258 | 1800 | 902 | 28.6\% | 258 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| 5/2+5/3 | B4063 Ahead | 0 | - |  | - | - | - | 153 | 1800:1800 | 0+506 | $\begin{gathered} 0.0: \\ 30.2 \% \end{gathered}$ | 306 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 10.0 | 1.6 |
| 7/1 | Eastern Cirulatory Ahead | U | B |  | 1 | 29 | - | 552 | 1989 | 663 | 83.3\% | - | - | - | 5.6 | 36.5 | 9.7 |
| 7/2 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 29 | - | 49 | 2099 | 700 | 7.0\% | - | - | - | 0.4 | 26.8 | 1.0 |
| 7/3 | Eastern Cirulatory Right | U | B |  | 1 | 29 | - | 34 | 2096 | 699 | 4.9\% | - | - | - | 0.3 | 27.9 | 0.7 |
| 9/1 | South Western Circulatory Ahead | U | D |  | 1 | 42 | - | 292 | 1995 | 953 | 30.6\% | - | - | - | 1.3 | 16.5 | 4.2 |



