

TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990: SECTION 78

APPEAL BY ROBERT HITCHINS LTD

LAND AT OAKLEY FARM, CHELTENHAM

APPENDICES

PINS Ref: APP/B1605/W/21/3273053 LPA Ref: O20/01069/OUT

PROOF OF EVIDENCE OF G EVES BSc CEng MICE MCIHT

AUGUST 2021

PFA Consulting Stratton Park House Wanborough Road Swindon SN3 4HG

Tel: 01793 828000 Fax: 01793 835500 Email: admin@pfaplc.com Web: www.pfaplc.com

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DOCUMENT CONTROL

Job No	H628			
File Reference	G:\workfiles\H628 OAKLEY FARM\REPORTS\H628-DOC05 PoE\H628- DOC05 PoE - APPENDICES.docx			
	Name	Date	Initials	
Prepared By	G EVES	10 August 2021	B	
Checked By	G EVES	10 August 2021	B	

Issue	Date	Comments	Approved	
Exchange		10 August 2021	ALE-	
			G EVES	

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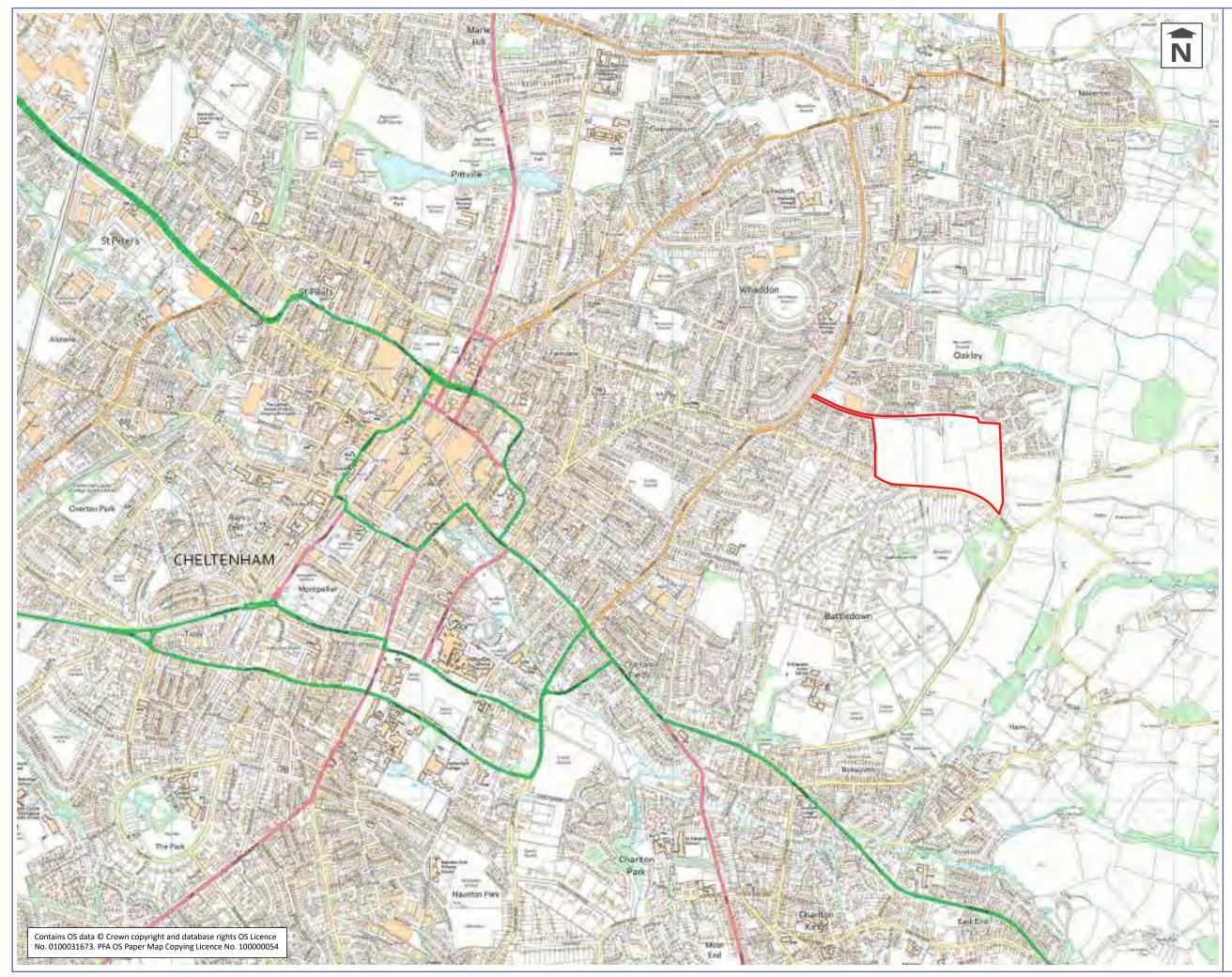
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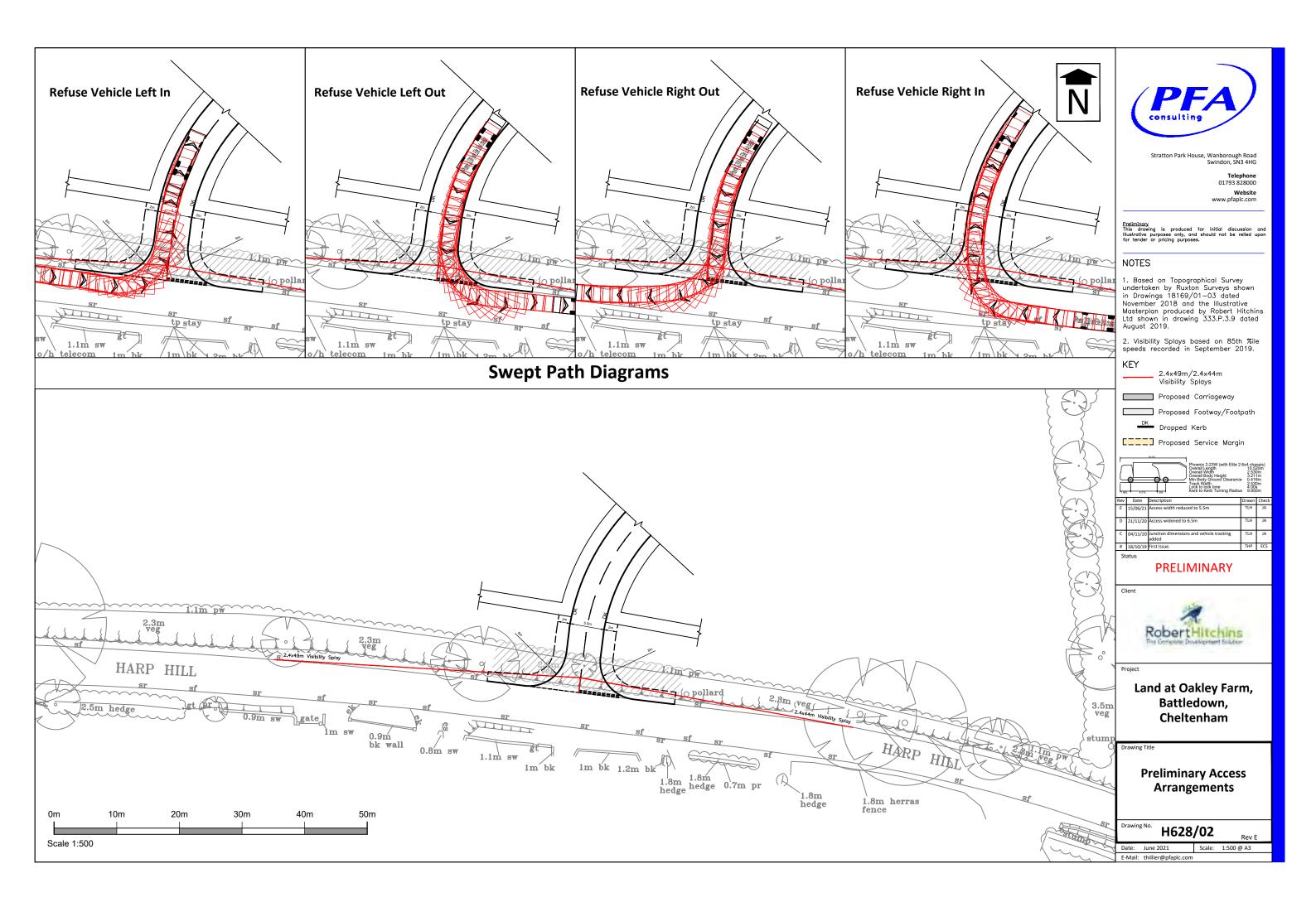
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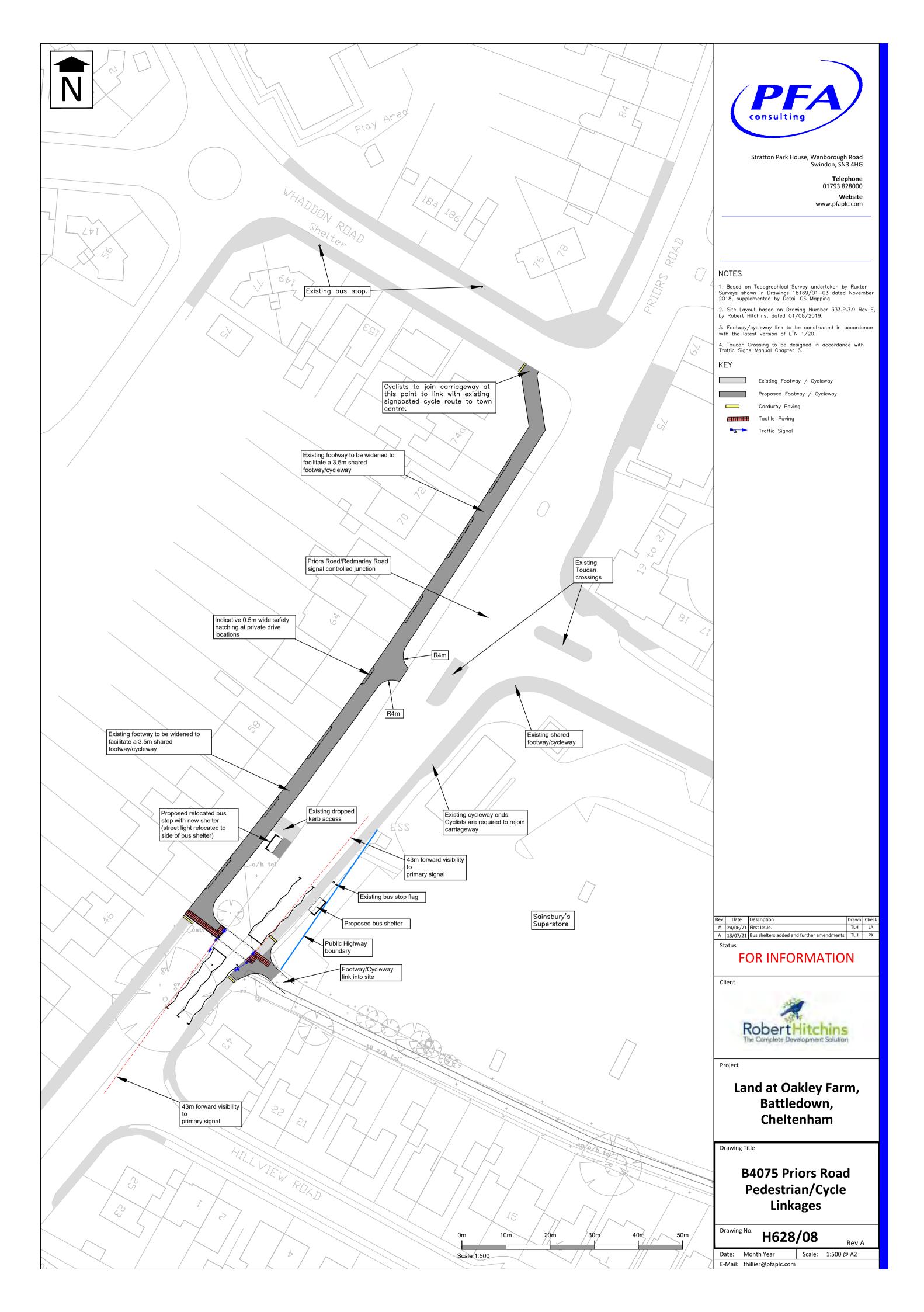
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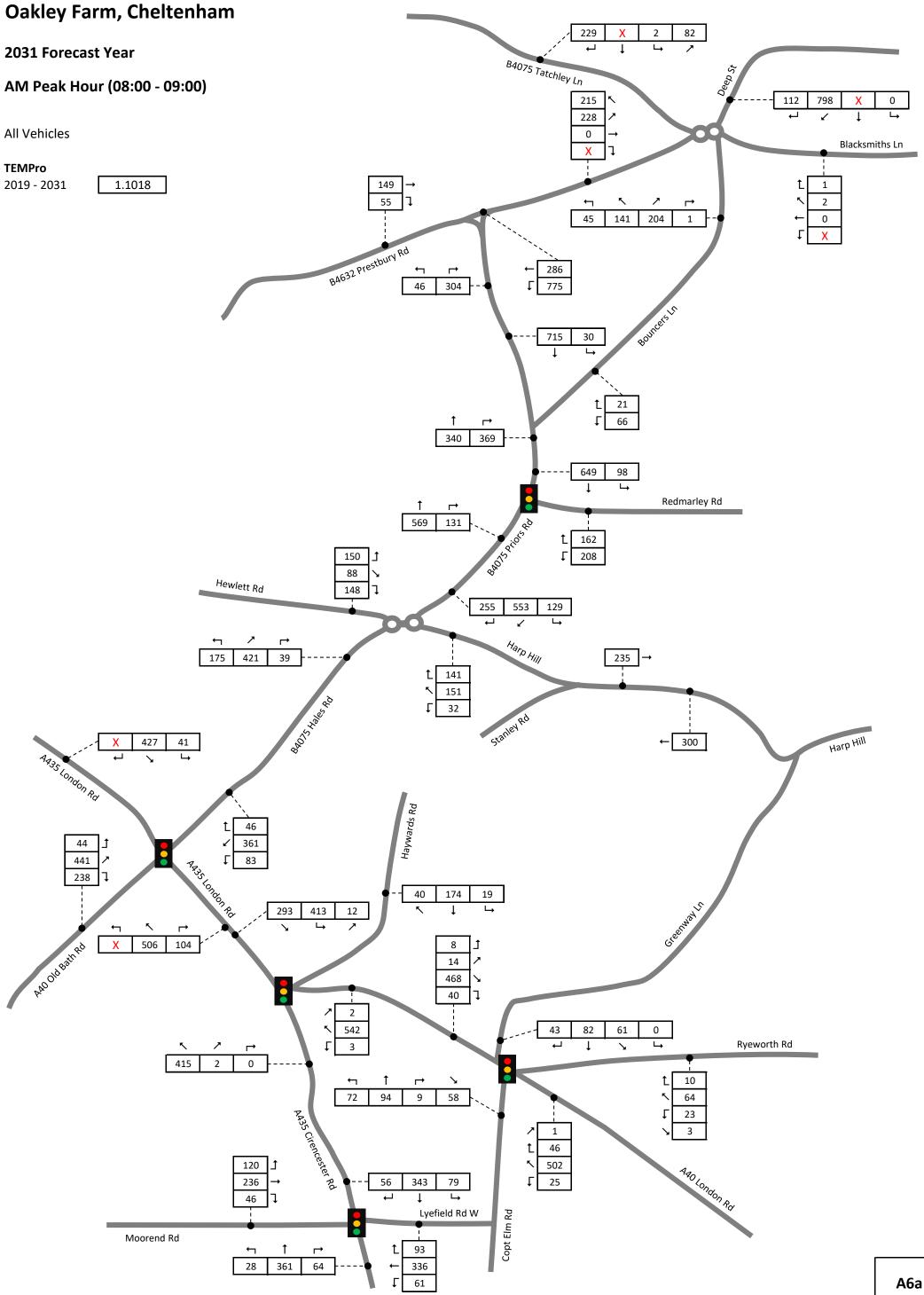




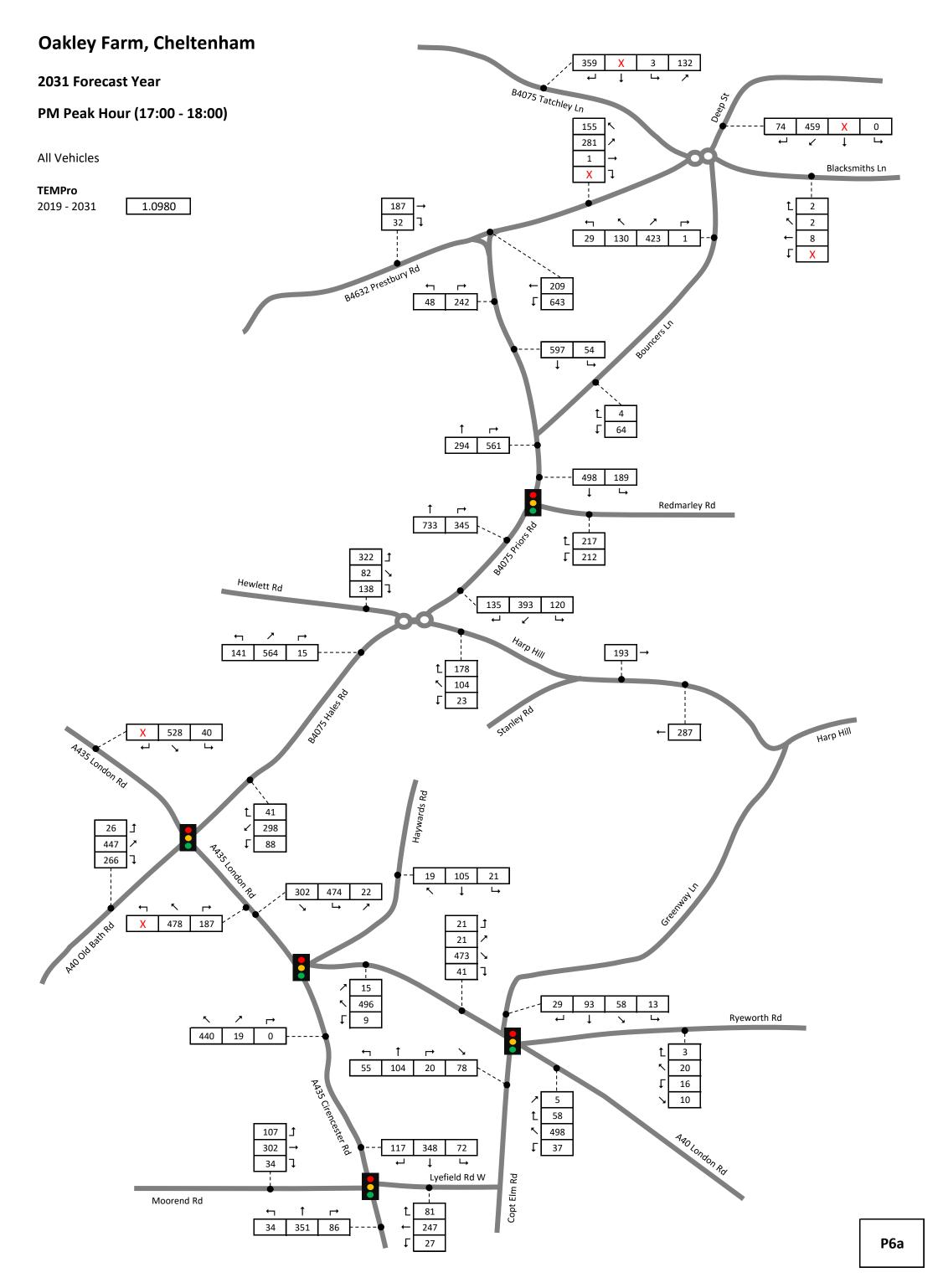








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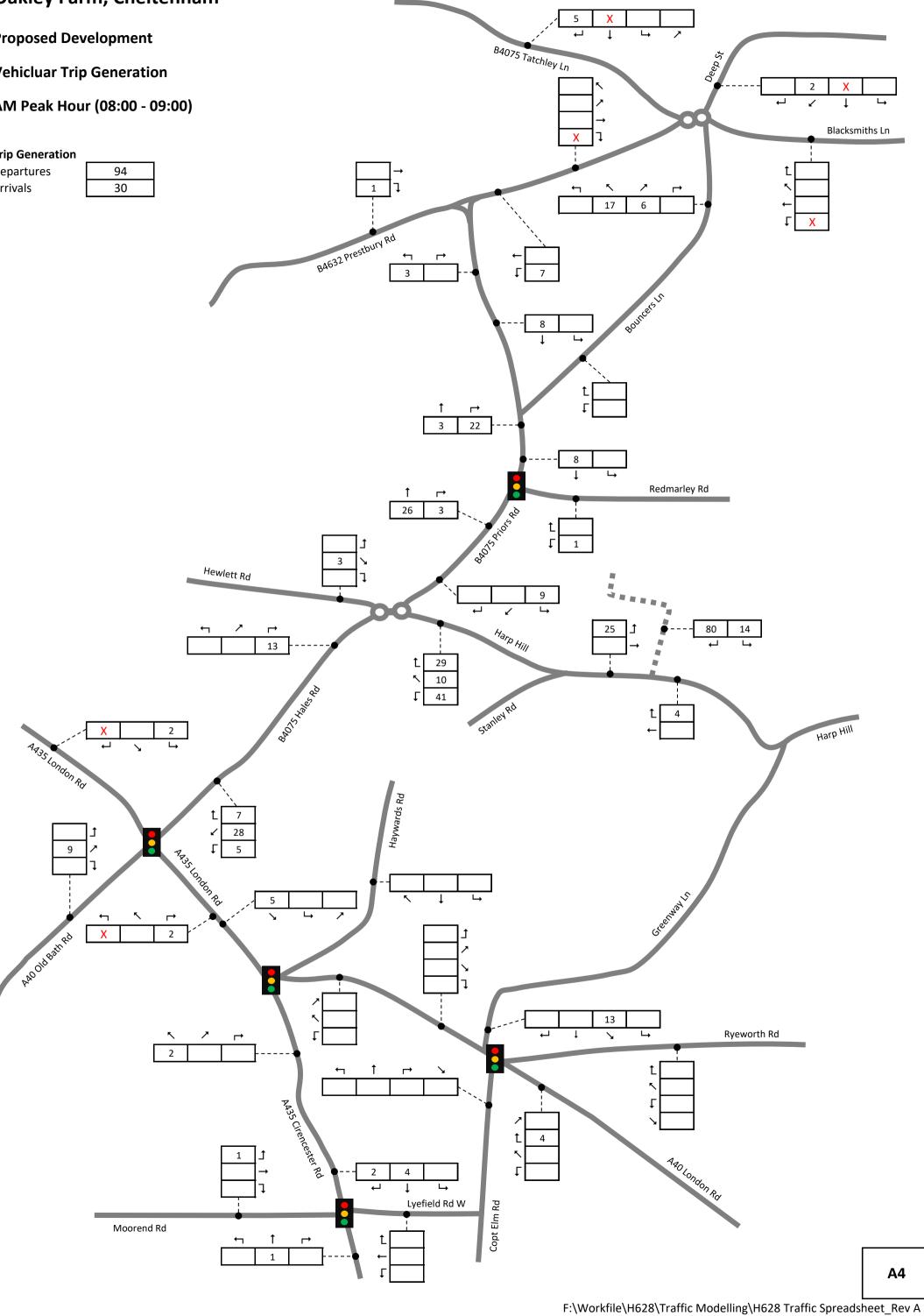
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Proposed Development

Vehicluar Trip Generation

AM Peak Hour (08:00 - 09:00)



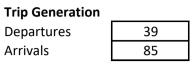


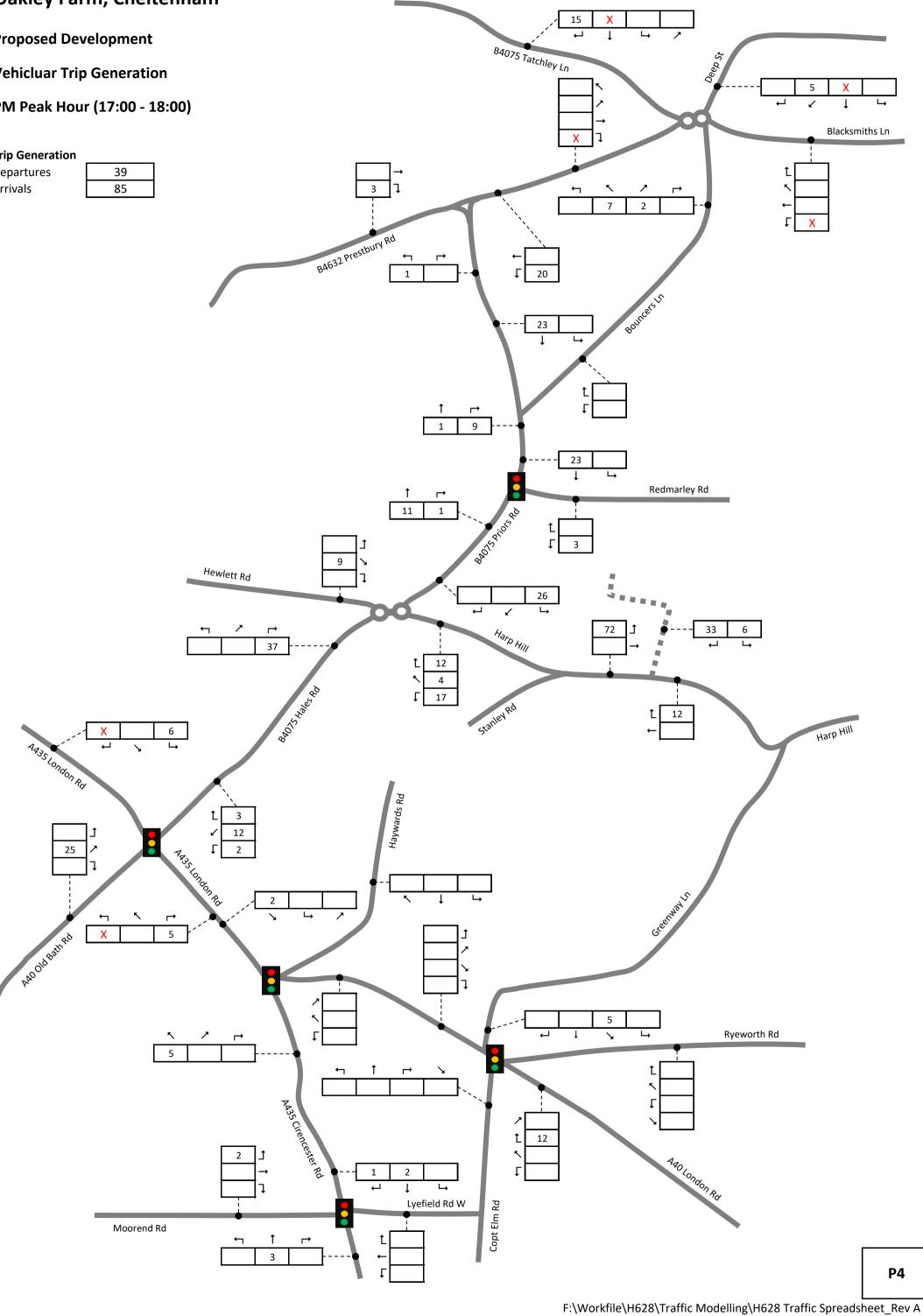
July 2021

Proposed Development

Vehicluar Trip Generation

PM Peak Hour (17:00 - 18:00)





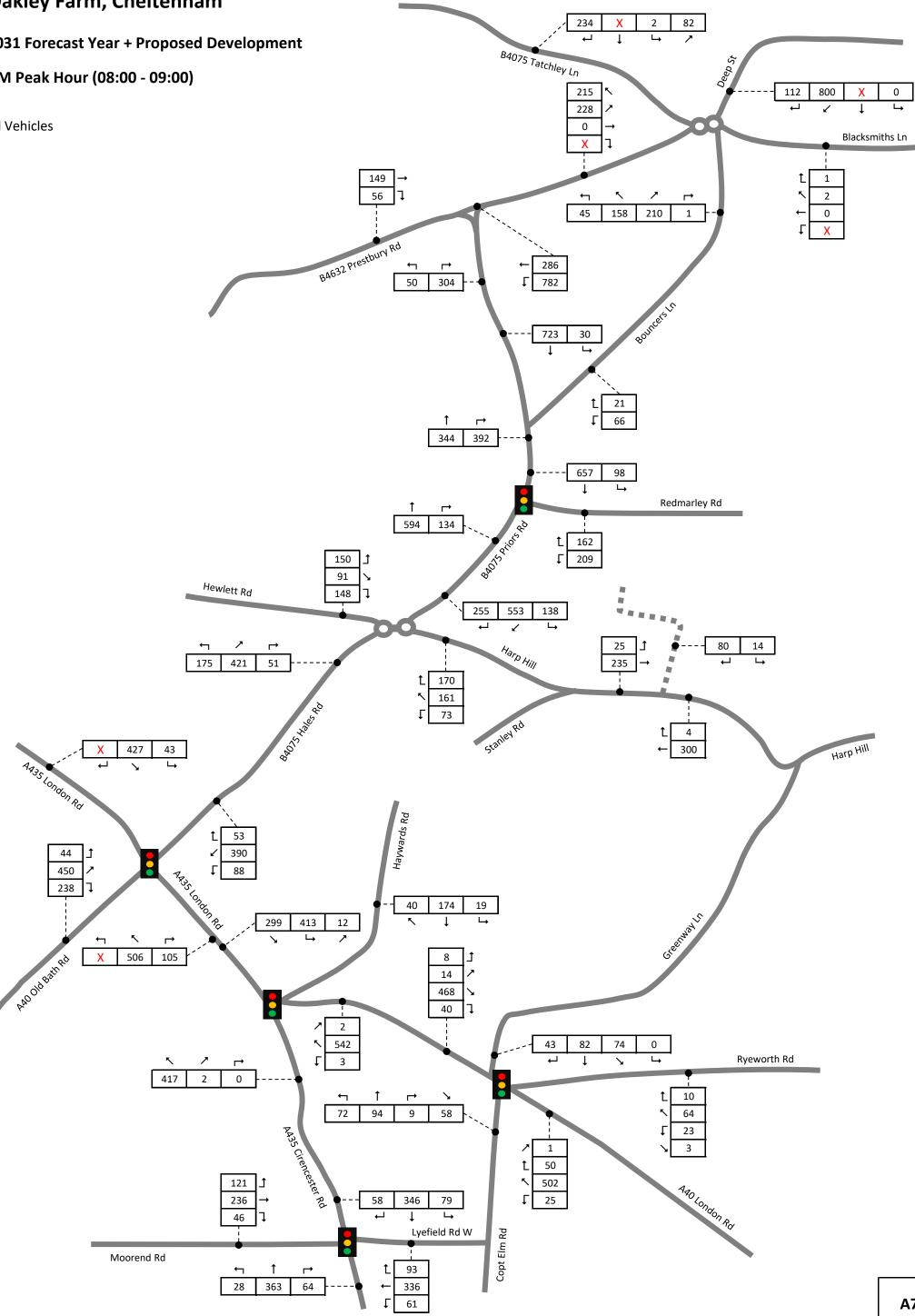
July 2021

2031 Forecast Year + Proposed Development

AM Peak Hour (08:00 - 09:00)

All Vehicles

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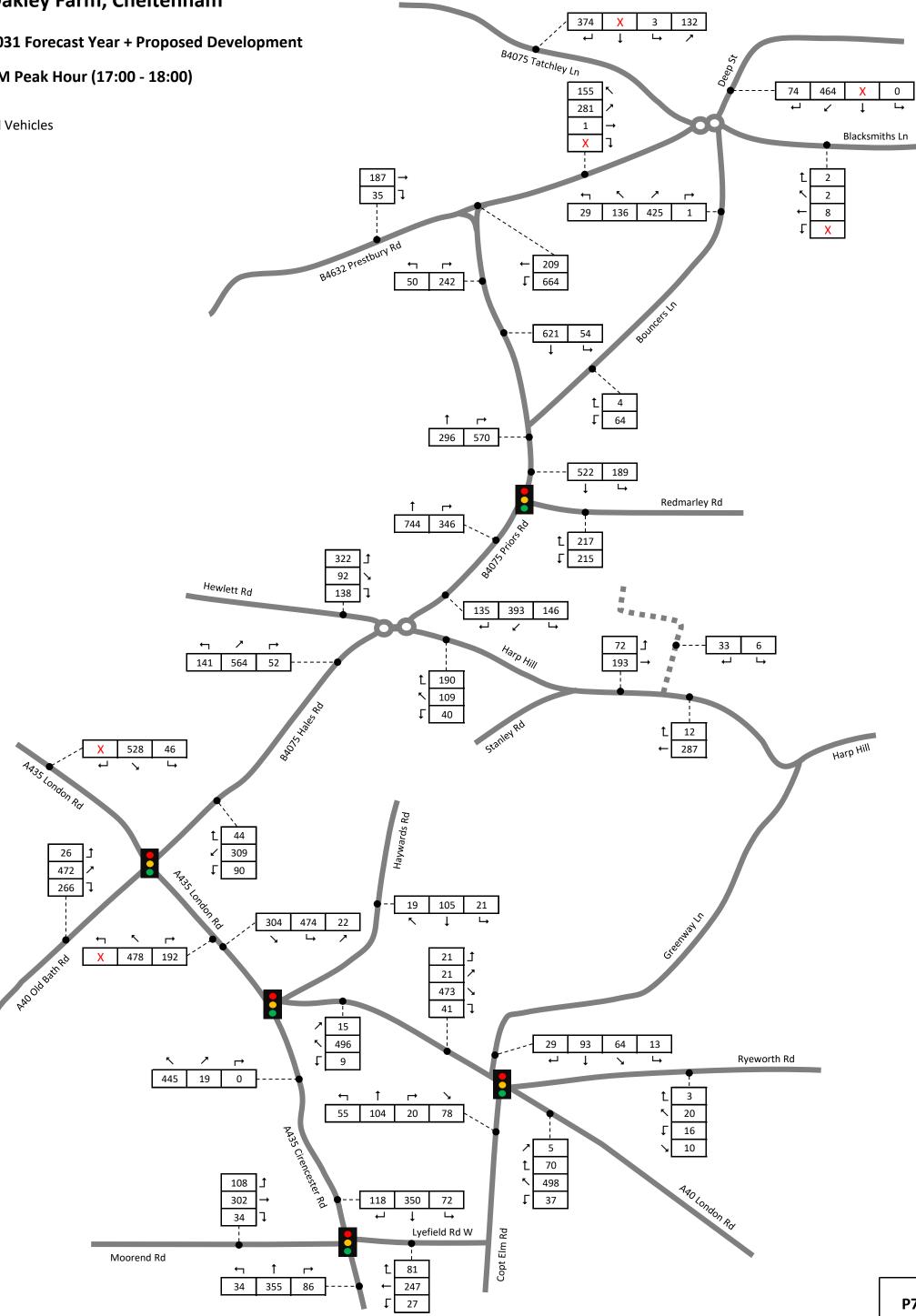
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2031 Forecast Year + Proposed Development

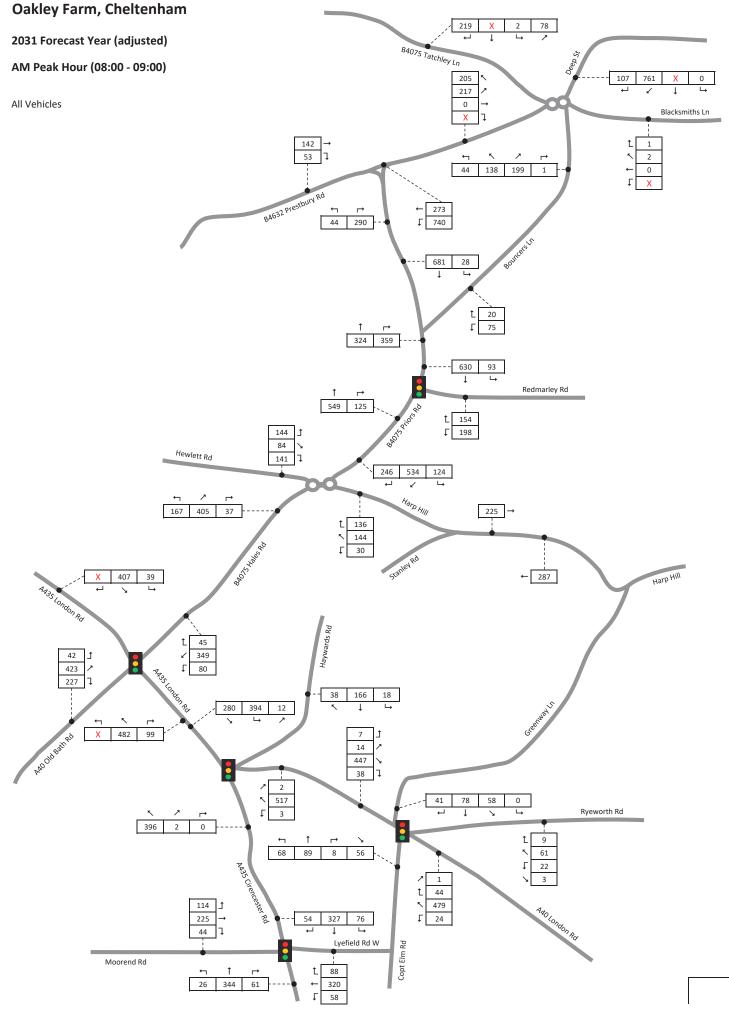
PM Peak Hour (17:00 - 18:00)

All Vehicles

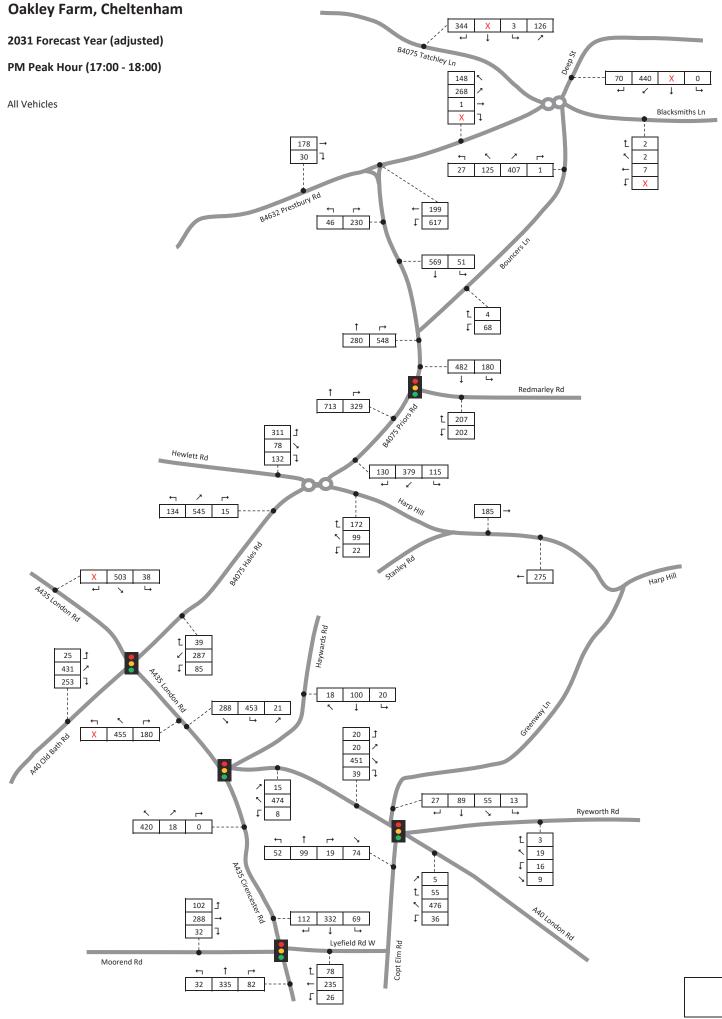
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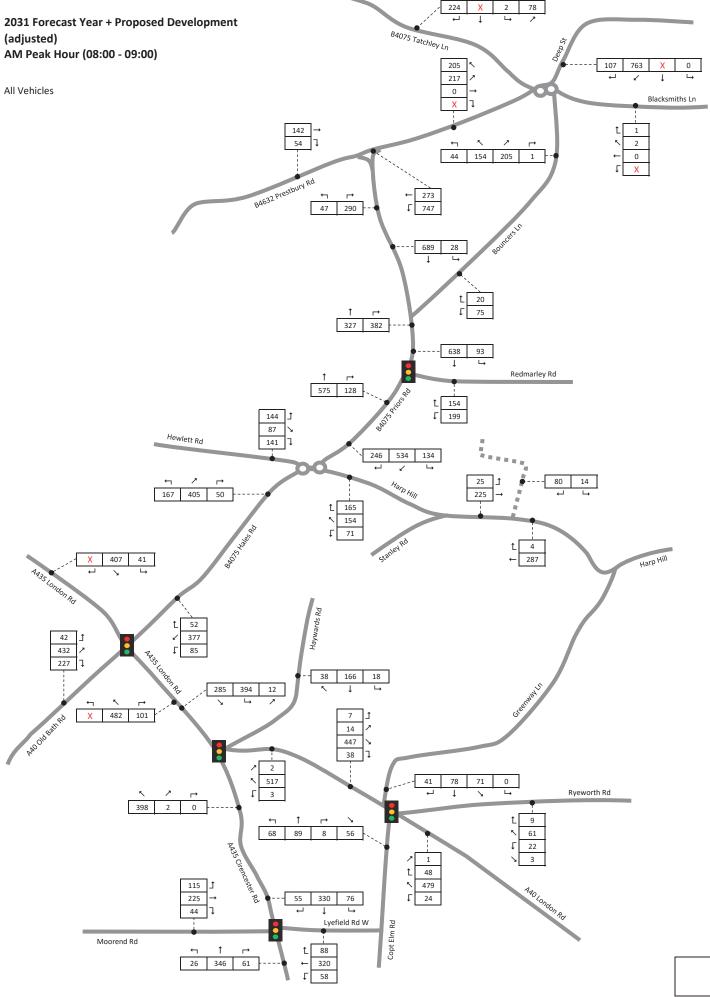




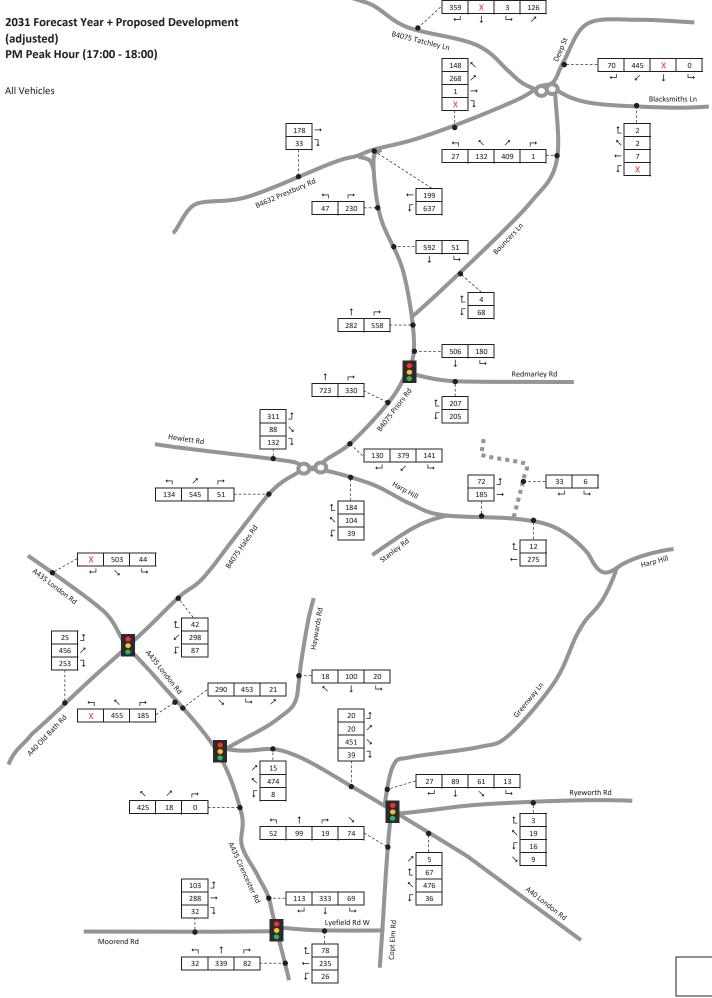
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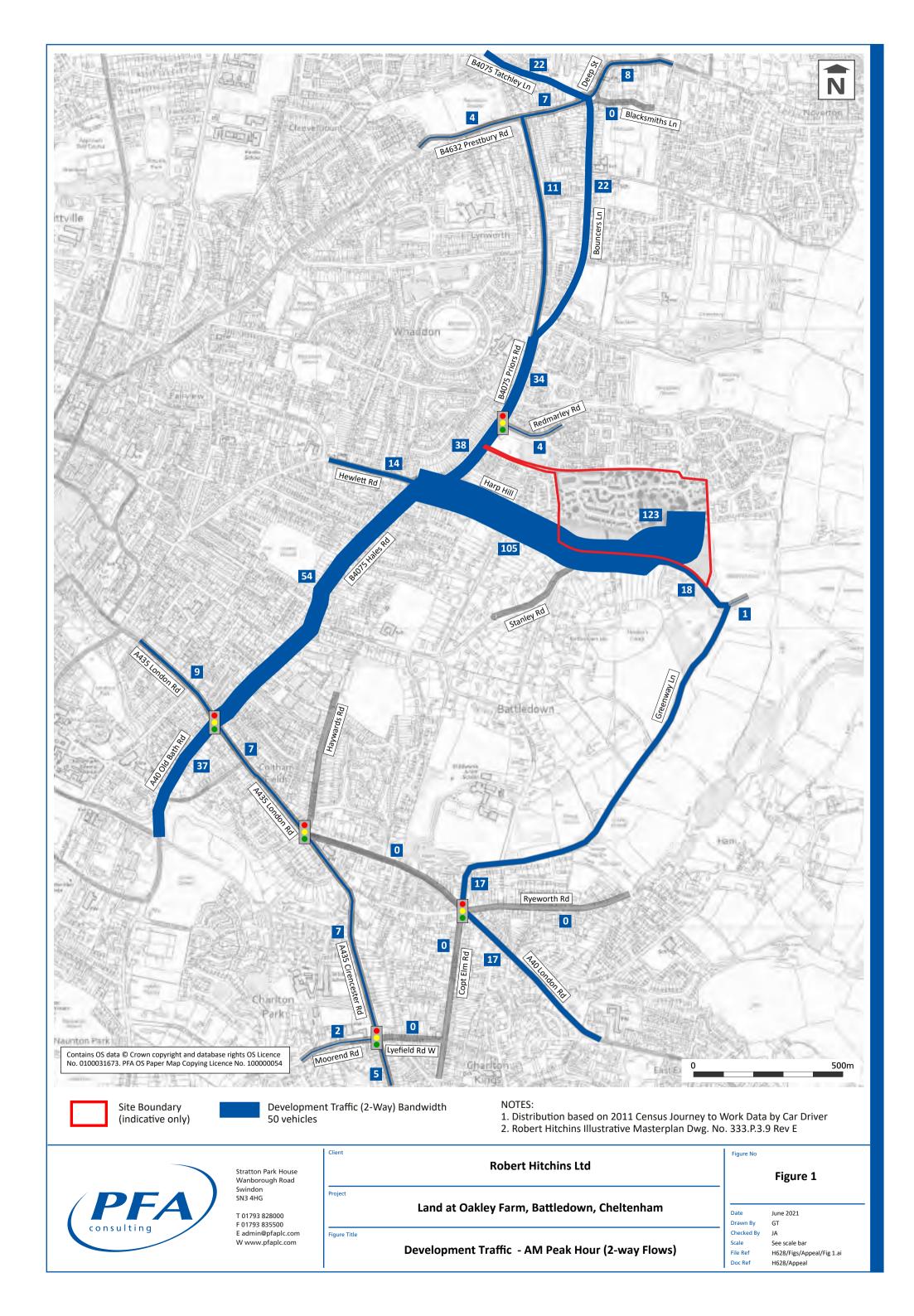
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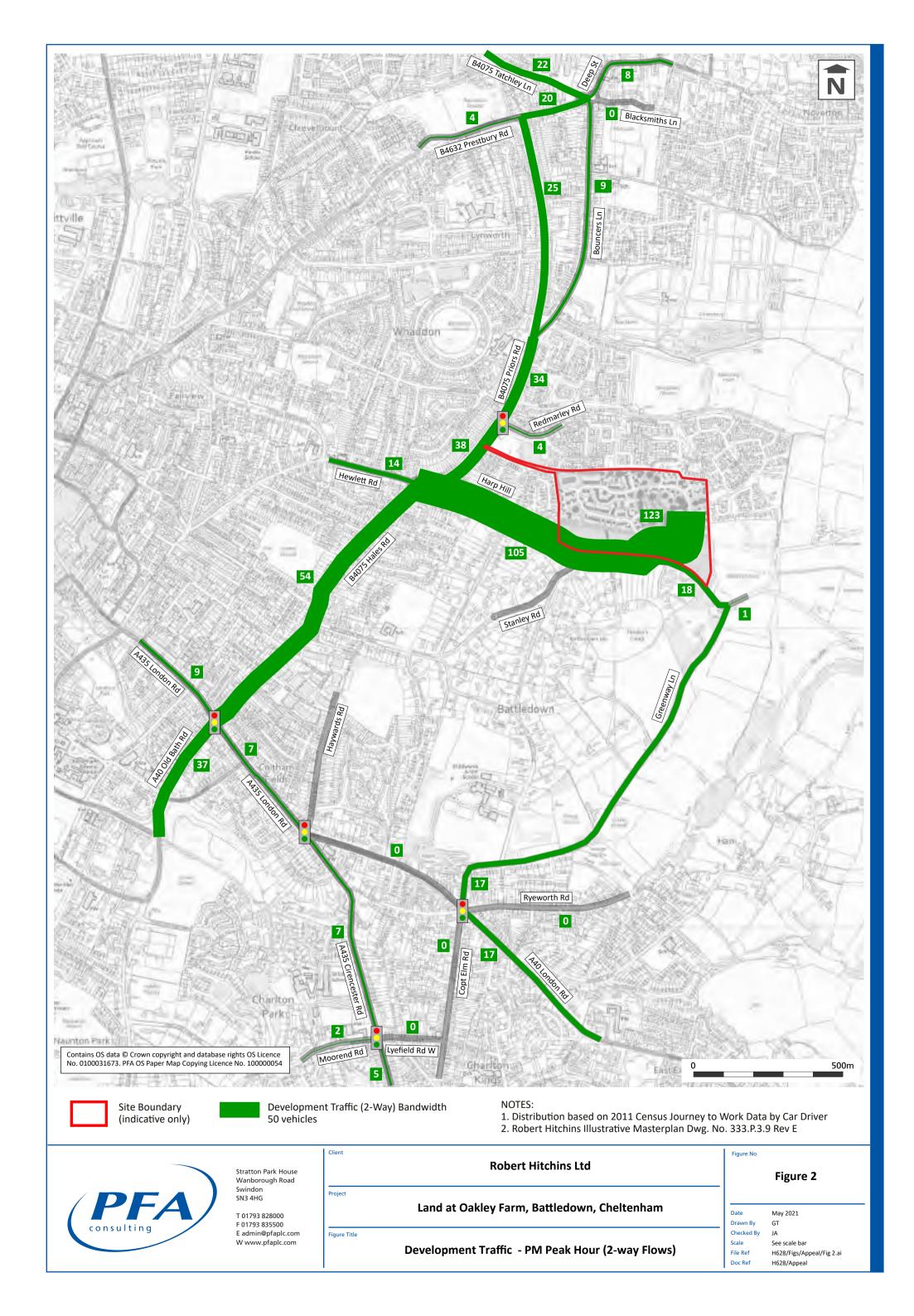


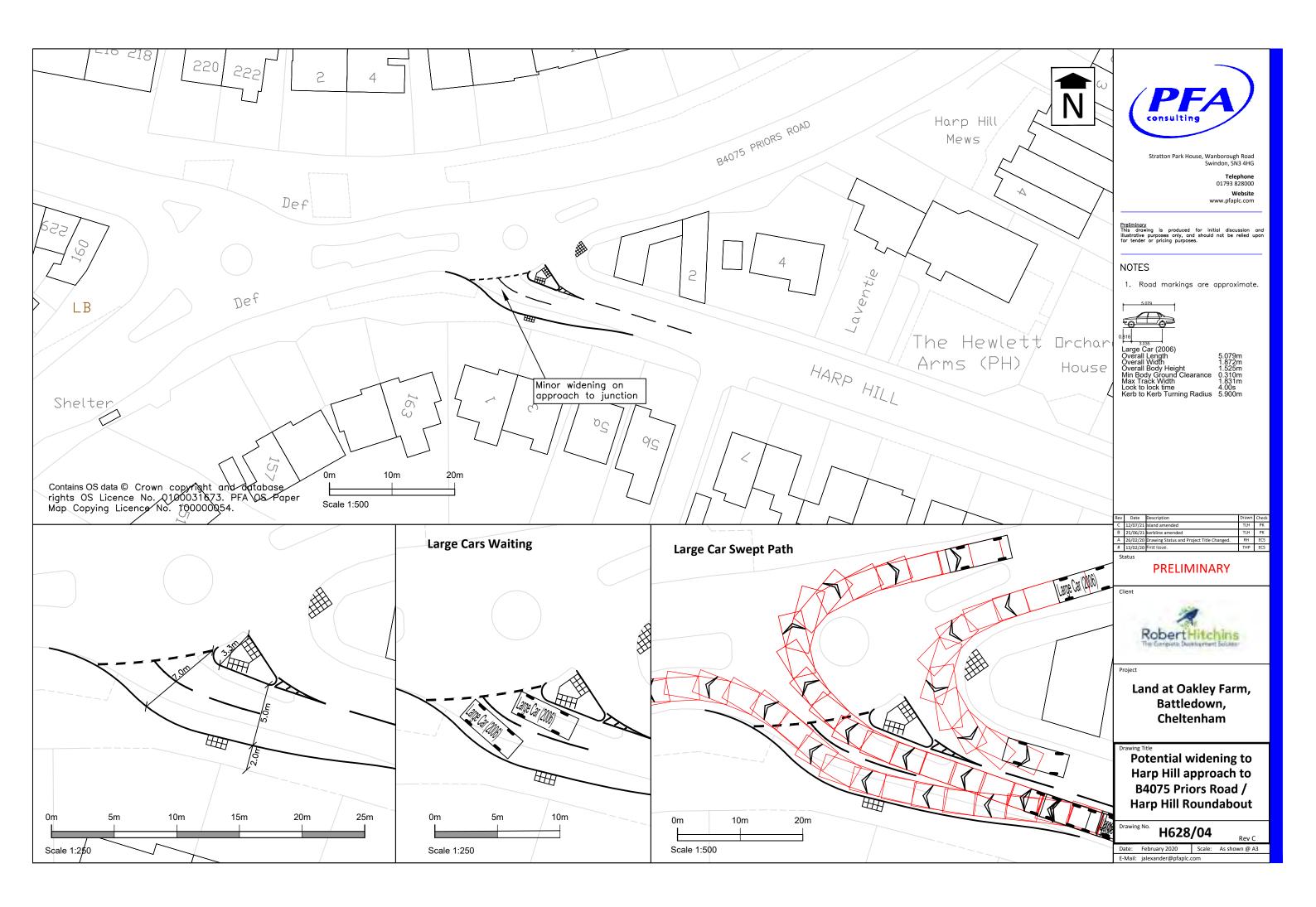
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Road Safety Audit Report

Incorporating Stage 1 Completion of Preliminary Design;

Risk Assessment of items raised; and Design Organisation Response to items raised.



Proposed highway works at the Harp Hill entry to the mini-roundabout junction with the B4075 Priors Road Cheltenham

Client: **PFA Consulting** Client reference: 112702

Fenley 2 Blaenant Emmer Green READING RG4 8PH

E: office@fenley.co.uk www.fenley.co.uk

Report Status 3

Job no	RSA-21-055	Issue no 3	Date July 2021
Prepared by	JJF	Verified by ZB	Approved by
Filename and Path	Fenley/Road Safety Au	udits/RSA-21/RSA-21-055-3	

1.0 **PROJECT DETAILS**

Report Title:	Stage 1 Road Safety Audit
Date:	July 2021
Document reference and revision:	RSA-21-055-3
Prepared by:	Fenley Road Safety Limited
On behalf of the Overseeing Organisation:	Gloucestershire County Council
Design Organisation:	PFA Consulting
Project Sponsor:	Robert Hitchins

REV	ISSUE PURPOSE	AUTHOR	CHECKED	APPROVED	DATE
0	Stage 1 Road Safety Audit drafted for Audit Team discussions JJF				7 th July 2021
1	Stage 1 Road Safety Audit finalised and issued to the Design Organisation	JJF	ZB	JJF	9 th July 2021
2	Stage 1 Road Safety Audit Report format amended to incorporate a row for inclusion of a Design Organisation Response in order to maintain a concise record of items raised	JJF			9 th July 2021
3	Design Organisation Response incorporated	Julian Alexander on behalf of PFA Consulting		12 th July 2021	

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Stage 1 A1 Documents and Drawings provided for this Road Safety Audit

- A2 Item Location Plan
- A3 Drawings associated with the Design Organisation Response



2.0 INTRODUCTION

- 2.1 This report has been prepared by Fenley Road Safety Limited and results from a Stage 1 Road Safety Audit of proposed highway works at the Harp Hill entry to the mini-roundabout junction with the B4075 Priors Hill in Cheltenham. It is understood that the works are to facilitate a residential development consisting of 250 dwellings on land at Oakley Farm.
- 2.2 The Audit Brief identifies that the proposals do not include any Departures from Standard, whether related to strategic decisions or otherwise.
- 2.3 The Road Safety Audit was undertaken during July 2021 in accordance with the Road Safety Audit Brief provided, on the 29th June 2021 by the Design Organisation, PFA Consulting, on behalf of the Project Sponsor, Robert Hitchins. The Road Safety Audit comprised of a site visit as well as an examination of the documents provided which are identified in **Appendix A1**. The Audit Team were satisfied that that the Audit Brief was sufficient for the purpose of the Audit instructed.
- 2.4 The Road Safety Audit has been undertaken by an Audit Team whose qualifications and experience accord with the requirements of GG119. The Audit Team consists of the following members:

Audit Team Leader

Jamie Fenning BSc(Hons), MIHE, MCIHT, MSoRSA, Highways England RSA Certificate of Competency Road Safety / Highway Engineer

Audit Team MemberZane BeswickMCIHTRoad Safety Auditor / Highway Engineer

- 2.5 The site visit associated with this Road Safety Audit was undertaken by the Audit Team Leader and Audit Team Member, during the early afternoon of Thursday 1st July 2021 between 6:30pm and 7:00pm. The site visit involved walking and driving around the local highway network for a 30-minute period whilst observing local infrastructure and current off-peak traffic conditions. The weather during the site visit was overcast, the road surface was dry and visibility was good. A number of pedestrians and cyclists were observed during the site visit. Vehicular traffic to include motorcycles, cars and light goods vehicles were also observed manoeuvring into and out of Harp Hill as well as along Priors Road. Harp Hill accommodated signage detailing that the 'road ahead closed', 'no through road' and access to frontages only' during the site visit, however traffic was still observed travelling both ways along the carriageway and bypassing the signage.
 - 2.6 The terms of reference of this Road Safety Audit are as described in GG119. The scheme has been examined and this report compiled, only with regard to the safety implications for road users of the scheme as presented. It has not been examined or verified for compliance



with any other standards or criteria. However, in order to clearly explain a safety problem or the recommendation to resolve a problem, the Audit Team may on occasion have referred to a design standard for information only. All comments and recommendations are referenced to the design drawings supplied with the Audit Brief and the location of road safety concerns raised have been illustrated beneath the items along with relevant photographs for clarity, where appropriate, as well as on the Location Plan attached at **Appendix A2**.

2.7 Although all items identified within this Audit Report are considered to be worthy of immediate attention in respect of road safety considerations of the proposals, in accordance with the Road Safety Audit procedures detailed within the Guidance Note for the provision of Road Safety Audits published by Gloucestershire County Council in June 2019, a risk assessment has been undertaken and is included adjacent to each item. The risk assessment ranks each item as either Low, Medium, High or Very High depending on the predicted frequency and severity of incidents. The associated rank is highlighted in red as illustrated in the example table below.

Severity/Frequency	Frequent	Probable	Occasional	Remote	
Fatal Injury	Very High	High	High	Medium	
Serious Injury	High	High	Medium	Medium	
Slight Injury	High	Medium	Medium	Low	
Damage Only	Medium	Low	Low	Low	

Design Organisation Response

- 2.8 In accordance with national standards, this Road Safety Audit was finalised and issued to the Design Organisation as per the Road Safety Audit Report Template within Appendix D of GG119, which can be provided upon request from either the Audit Team or Design Organisation. The format of the Audit Report was subsequently revised to incorporate these paragraphs under the sub-heading as well as sufficient space beneath the items and recommendation, within Section 4, for the inclusion of a Design Organisation Response. This is generally contained within a separate Design Organisation Response Report but is included within this document in order to maintain a single record of all problems, recommendations and responses for the benefit of a concise Road Safety Audit trail to be held on file for Quality Assurance purposes.
- 2.9 The Design Organisation Response has been prepared by: Name: Julian Alexander Position / Organisation: Director, PFA consulting
- 2.10 Any drawings or documents associated with the Design Organisation Response are listed at **Appendix A3**, if applicable.



3.0 ITEMS RAISED IN ANY PREVIOUS ROAD SAFETY AUDITS

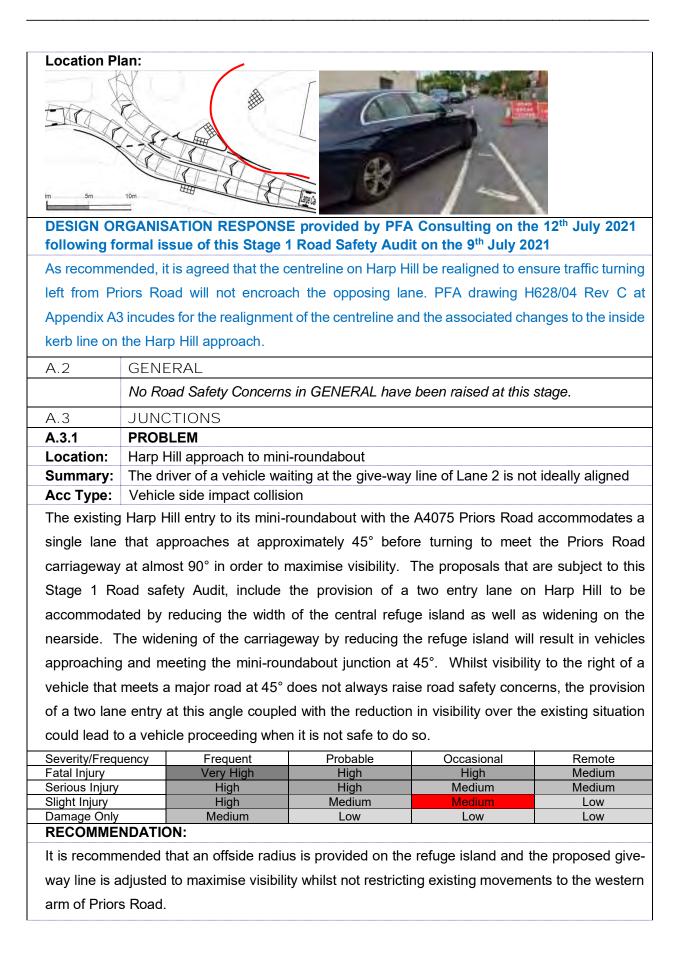
3.1 Fenley Road Safety Limited has not been made aware of any previous road safety audits associated with the proposals.

4.0 ITEMS RAISED AT THIS STAGE 1 ROAD SAFETY AUDIT

A.1	LOCAL ALIGNMENT									
A.1.1	PROBLEM									
Location:	Harp Hill									
Summary:	Vehicles turning left into Harp Hill will encroach the opposing lane of traffic									
Acc Type:	Sideswipes									
Harp Hill me	ets the B4075 Priors Road at an angle of circa 45° with a circa 3.5 metre inside radius									
for traffic tur	ning left into Harp Hill from Priors Road. The Harp Hill arm accommodates a single									
entry with a	road centreline that splits on approach to the over-runnable refuge island that divides									
the entry ar	nd exit lanes with an area of hatching. Vehicles that turn left into Harp Hill were									
observed to	cross the road centreline and encroach the hatching. This does not raise road safety									
concerns at	present as traffic approaching the mini-roundabout along Harp Road should not									
encroach the	e hatching. The proposals that are subject to this Stage 1 Road Safety Audit, include									
the widening	g of the Harp Hill entry to provide two entry lanes. The proposed widening is to be									
provided on	both sides of the carriageway with the footway on the southern side of Harp Hill									
reduced to	2.5 metres and the width of the refuge island reduced as well as road centreline									
realigned re	moving the area of central hatching on the approach to the island. The realignment									
of the road	centreline and removal of the hatching is likely to result in a vehicle turning left from									
Priors Road	to Harp Hill, encroaching the opposing approach lane on Harp Hill. Whilst this does									
not always r	aise road safety concerns, a vehicle travelling along Harp Hill and wishing to turn right									
along Priors Road is likely to be abutting the road centreline. This, compounded by the restricted										
visibility bet	ween a left turning vehicle on Priors Road and the expected path of a vehicle									
approaching	the roundabout on Harp Hill due removal of the hatching, could lead to sideswipe									
type collisio	1S.									
Severity/Frequ	Jency Frequent Probable Occasional Remote									

Severity/Frequency	Frequent	Probable	Occasional	Remote				
Fatal Injury	Very High	High	High	Medium				
Serious Injury	High	High	Medium	Medium				
Slight Injury	High	Medium	Medium	Low				
Damage Only Medium Low Low Low								
RECOMMENDATION:								

It is recommended that the westbound road centreline of Harp Hill is realigned to ensure sufficient space is provided for traffic to turn left from Priors Road without encroaching the opposing lane.





Location Plan:



DESIGN ORGANISATION RESPONSE provided by PFA Consulting on the 12th July 2021 following formal issue of this Stage 1 Road Safety Audit on the 9th July 2021

As recommended, it is agreed that the radius of the refuge island and give way line be adjusted to improve visibility, as shown in PFA drawing H628/04 Rev C at Appendix A3.

A.4	WALKING CYCLING AND HORSE RIDING
A.4.1	PROBLEM
Location:	Harp Hill southern footway
Summary:	Existing footway accommodates a ramp making for an uneven surface
Acc Type:	Pedestrian trip and fall
The existing	g footway to the south of the Harp Hill carriageway is wide and accommodates a
number of v	ehicular crossovers linking to the driveways / frontages of properties. The proposals

number of vehicular crossovers linking to the driveways / frontages of properties. The proposals that are subject to this Stage 1 Road safety Audit, include a reduction in the width of the footway to 2.5 metres in proximity to the Harp Hill approach to the mini-roundabout junction with Priors Road and driveway associated with property number 3 Harp Hill. The frontage of property number 3, is set above the level of the footway and falls towards the footway with a section of the adjacent footway to the west, also set at a gradient making for an uneven surface. Whilst this does not raise road safety concerns at present due to the width of the footway and presence of vegetation to the east of the access guiding pedestrians away from the uneven surface (which should not encroach the public highway), the reduction in width could result in pedestrians walking closer to the back edge of footway where the uneven surface could lead to a trip / fall and personal injury.

Severity/Frequency	Frequent	Probable	Occasional	Remote					
Fatal Injury Very High		High	High	Medium					
Serious Injury	High	High	Medium	Medium					
Slight Injury	High	Medium	Medium	Low					
Damage Only	Medium	Low	Low	Low					
DECOMMENDATION									

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the footway in the immediate vicinity of the vehicular crossover is regraded to ensure a smooth surface.



	Plan:
As recom	mended, it is agreed that the footway is regraded to provide a smooth surface. This will rith as part of the detailed design.
A.5	TRAFFIC SIGNS, CARRIAGEWAY MARKINGS AND LIGHTING
	No Road Safety Concerns in TRAFFIC SIGNS, CARRIAGEWAY MARKINGS AND LIGHTING have been raised at this stage.



5.0 **STAGE 1 ROAD SAFETY AUDIT TEAM STATEMENT**

5.1 We certify that this Road Safety Audit has been carried out in accordance with GG119.

Audit Team Leader

Name: Jamie Fenning BSc (Hons), MIHE, MCIHT, MSoRSA, HE RSA Certificate of Competency

Signed:



Road Safety / Highway Engineer Position: Fenley Road Safety Limited Organisation: 9th July 2021 Date:

Audit Team Member

Name:

Zane Beswick MCIHT

Signed:

Position: Date:

Road Safety / Highway Engineer Organisation: Fenley Road Safety Limited 9th July 2021



Appendix A1

Documents and Drawings provided for this Stage 1 Road Safety Audit

Audit Stage	Doc. No.	Rev	Title
	H628-FN08	-	Road Safety Audit Brief
Stage 1	<u>Dwg No.</u>	<u>Rev</u>	Title
			Potential Widening to Harp Hill approach to B4075
	H628-04	В	Priors Road Harp Hill Roundabout

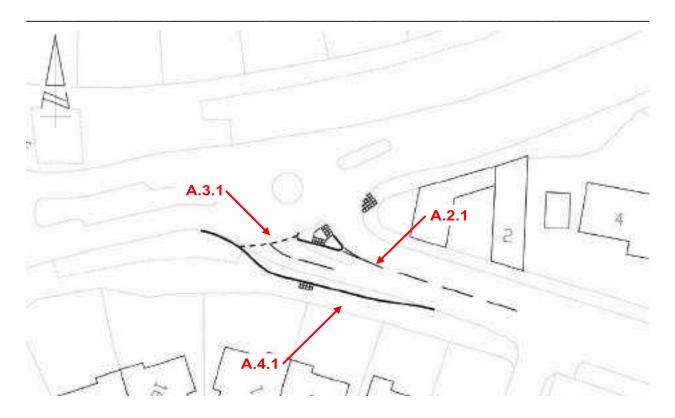


Appendix A2

Item Location Plan



Road Safety Audit Report: Works at the Harp Hill entry to A4075 mini-roundabout, Cheltenham





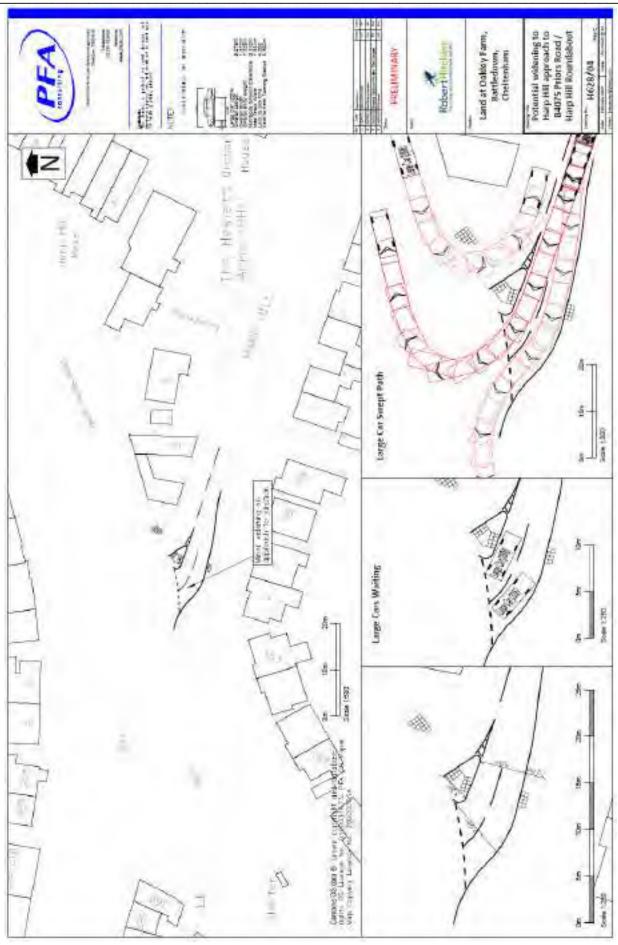
Appendix A3

Drawings associated with the Design Organisation Response

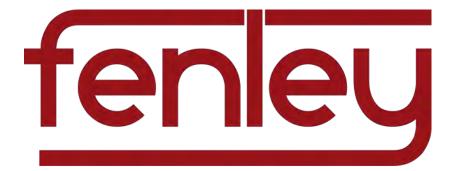
Audit Stage	<u>Dwg No.</u>	Rev	Title
Stage 1	H628-04	С	Potential Widening to Harp Hill approach to B4075 Priors Road Harp Hill Roundabout

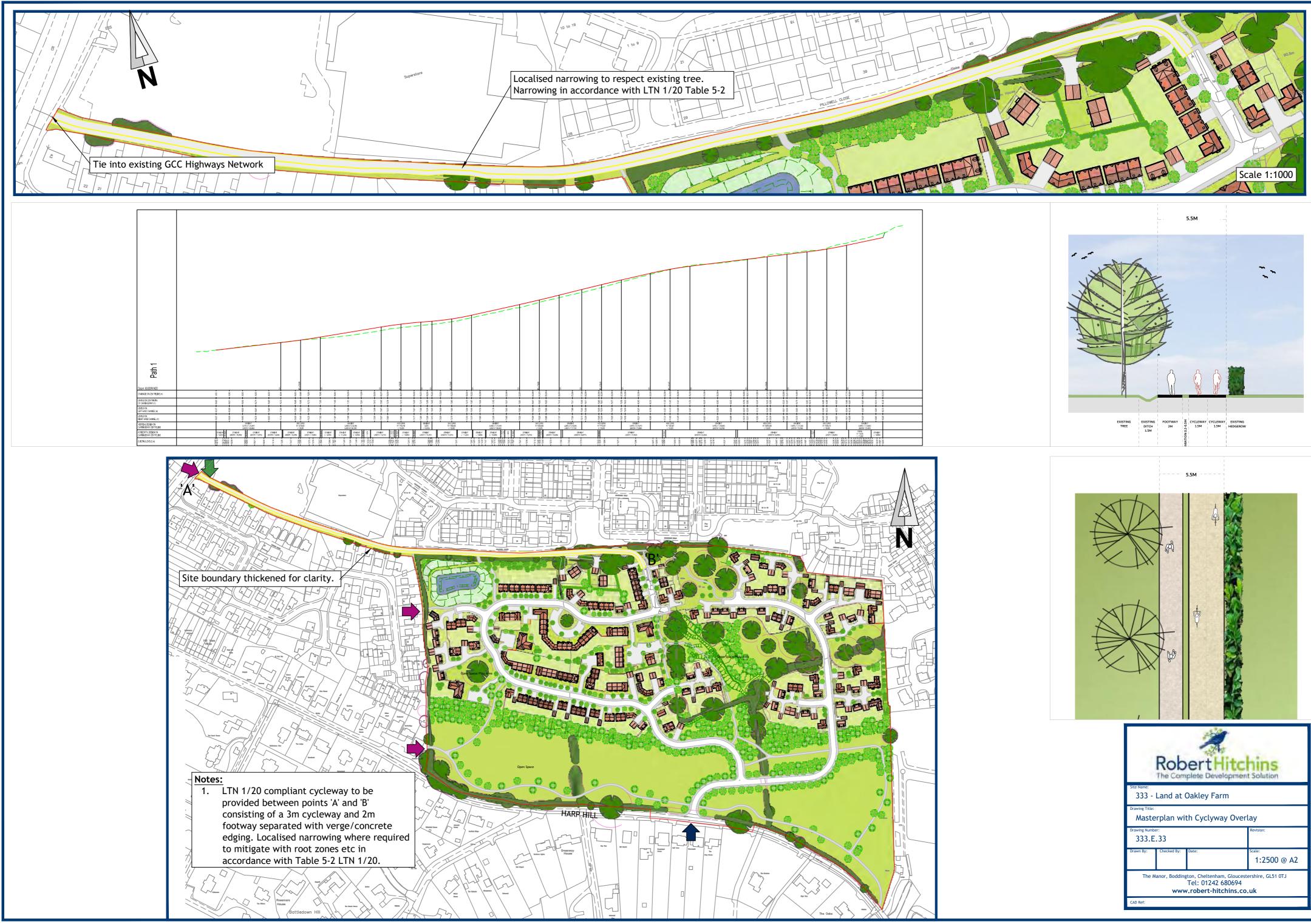


Road Safety Audit Report: Works at the Harp Hill entry to A4075 mini-roundabout, Cheltenham



Fenley/Road Safety Audits/RSA-21/RSA-21-055-3





Robert Hitchins The Complete Development Solution						
	Land at (Dakley Farm				
Drawing Title: Maste	rplan wi	th Cyclyway Over	lay			
Drawing Number			Revision:			
Drawn By:	Checked By:	Date:	scale: 1:2500 @ A2			
The Manor, Boddington, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL51 0TJ Tel: 01242 680694 www.robert-hitchins.co.uk						
CAD Ref:						





OAKLEY FARM, PRIORS ROAD, CHELTENHAM

CYCLE LEVEL OF SERVICE TOOL ASSESSMENT – PROPOSED PRIORS ROAD CYCLIST IMPROVEMENTS

Introduction

1. This file note provides a Cycle Level of Service Tool (CLoS) Assessment, in line with that set out in LTN 1/20 of the proposed works to provide improvements for cyclists and pedestrians along Priors Road, Cheltenham, as set out on drawing H628/08 Rev A.

Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
	Connections	Cyclists should be able to easily and safely join and navigate along different sections of the same route and between different routes in the network.	1. Ability to join/leave route safely and easily: consider left and right turns		connect to other routes without	Cyclists can connect to other routes with minimal disruption to their journey	Cyclists have dedicated connections to other routes provided, with no interruption to their journey	1	Connections are provided with the existing Toucan crossing at the Priors Rd/ Redmarley Rd junction and to Whaddon Rd, a signed cycle route towards the town centre.
	Continuity and Wayfinding	Routes should be complete with no gaps in provision. 'End of route' signs should not be installed – cyclists should be shown how the route continues. Cyclists should not be 'abandoned', particularly at junctions where provision may be required to ensure safe crossing movements.	2. Provision for cyclists throughout the whole length of the route		'abandoned' at points along the route with no clear indication of	of discrete sections, but cyclists can clearly understand	Cyclists are provided with a continuous route, including through junctions	2	Continuous route provides between cycle link to site and Whaddon Rd.
Cohesion	Density of network	Cycle networks should provide a mesh (or grid) of routes across the town or city. The density of the network is the distance between the routes which make up the grid pattern. The ultimate aim should be a network with a mesh width of 250m.	3. Density of routes based on mesh width ie distances between primary and secondary routes within the network		Route contributes to a network density mesh width >1000m	Route contributes to a network density mesh width 250 – 1000m	Route contributes to a network density mesh width <250m	0	Minimal existing cycle paths in vicinity of proposals, but proposals do connect with what facilities there are nearby.

Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
	Distance	Routes should follow the shortest option available and be as near to the 'as-the-crow-flies' distance as possible.	4. Deviation of route Deviation Factor is calculated by dividing the actual distance along the route by the straight line (crow-fly) distance, or shortest road alternative.		Deviation factor against straight line or shortest road alternative >1.4	Deviation factor against straight line or shortest road alternative 1.2 – 1.4	Deviation factor against straight line or shortest road alternative <1.2	2	Route to town centre using Whaddon Rd is 1.1 times longer than most direct route along Priors Rd and Hewlett Rd.
	required	The number of times a cyclist has to stop or loses right of way on a route should be minimised. This includes stopping and give ways at junctions or crossings, motorcycle barriers, pedestrian-only zones etc.	5. Stopping and give way frequency		The number of stops or give ways on the route is more than 4 per km	The number of stops or give ways on the route is between 2 and 4 per km	The number of stops or give ways on the route is less than 2 per km	0	Two stops/give ways in 160m
	Time: Delay at junctions	The length of delay caused by junctions should be minimised. This includes assessing impact of multiple or single stage crossings, signal timings, toucan crossings etc.	6. Delay at junctions		Delay for cyclists at junctions is greater than for motor vehicles	Delay for cyclists at junctions is similar to delay for motor vehicles	Delay is shorter than for motor vehicles or cyclists are not required to stop at junctions (eg bypass at signals)	1	This will depend on the call time provided at the proposed toucan crossing.
	Time: Delay on links	The length of delay caused by not being able to bypass slow moving traffic.	7. Ability to maintain own speed on links		Cyclists travel at speed of slowest vehicle (including a cycle) ahead	Cyclists can usually pass slow traffic and other cyclists	Cyclists can always choose an appropriate speed.	1	Cyclists will need to cycle slower due to pedestrians.
Directness	Gradients	Routes should avoid steep gradients where possible. Uphill sections increase time, effort and discomfort. Where these are encountered, routes should be planned to minimise climbing gradient and allow users to retain momentum gained on the descent.	8. Gradient		Route includes sections steeper than the gradients recommended in Chapter 5	There are no sections of route steeper than the gradients recommended in Chapter 5	There are no sections of route which steeper than 2%	2	Route is more or less on a level gradient.

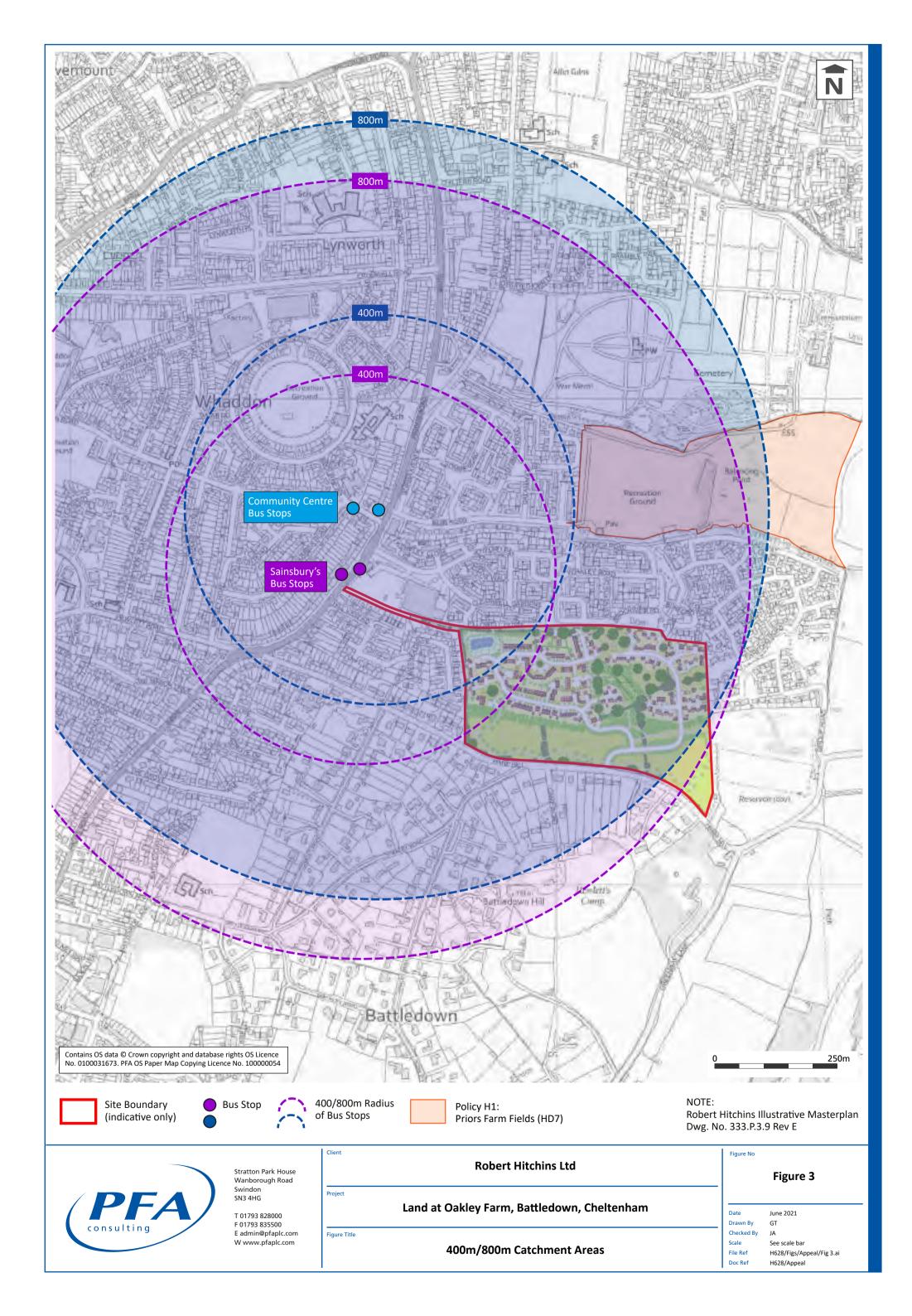
Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
	Reduce/ remove speed differences where cyclists are sharing the carriageway	Where cyclists and motor vehicles are sharing the carriageway, the key to reducing severity of collisions is reducing the speeds of motor vehicles so that they more closely match that of cyclists. This is particularly important at points where risk of collision is greater, such as at junctions.	9. Motor traffic speed on approach and through junctions where cyclists are sharing the carriageway through the junction	85th percentile > 37mph (60kph)	85th percentile >30mph	85th percentile 20mph-30mph	85th percentile <20mph	2	Cyclist do not share carriageway along route of proposed works.
			10. Motor traffic speed on sections of shared carriageway	85th percentile > 37mph (60kph)	85th percentile >30mph	85th percentile 20mph-30mph	85th percentile <20mph	2	Cyclist do not share carriageway along route of proposed works.
	Avoid high motor traffic volumes where cyclists are sharing the carriageway	Cyclists should not be required to share the carriageway with high volumes of motor vehicles. This is particularly important at points where risk of collision is greater, such as at junctions.	11. Motor traffic volume on sections of shared carriageway, expressed as vehicles per peak hour	>10000 AADT, or >5% HGV	5000-10000 AADT and 2-5%HGV	2500-5000 and <2% HGV	0-2500 AADT	2	Cyclist do not share carriageway along route of proposed works.
Safety	Risk of collision	Where speed differences and high motor vehicle flows cannot be reduced cyclists should be separated from traffic – see Figure 4.1. This separation can be achieved at varying degrees through on-road cycle lanes, hybrid tracks and off-road provision. Such segregation should reduce the risk of collision from beside or behind the cyclist.	alongside or from behind	Cyclists sharing carriageway – nearside lane in critical range between 3.2m and 3.9m wide and traffic volumes prevent motor vehicles moving easily into opposite lane to pass cyclists.	Cyclists in unrestricted traffic lanes outside critical range (3.2m to 3.9m) or in cycle lanes less than 1.8m wide.	Cyclists in cycle lanes at least 1.8m wide on-carriageway; 85th percentile motor traffic speed max 30mph.	Cyclists on route away from motor traffic (off road provision) or in off- carriageway cycle track. Cyclists in hybrid/light segregated track; 85th percentile motor traffic speed max 30mph.	2	Cyclists do not share carriageway with motor vehicles.

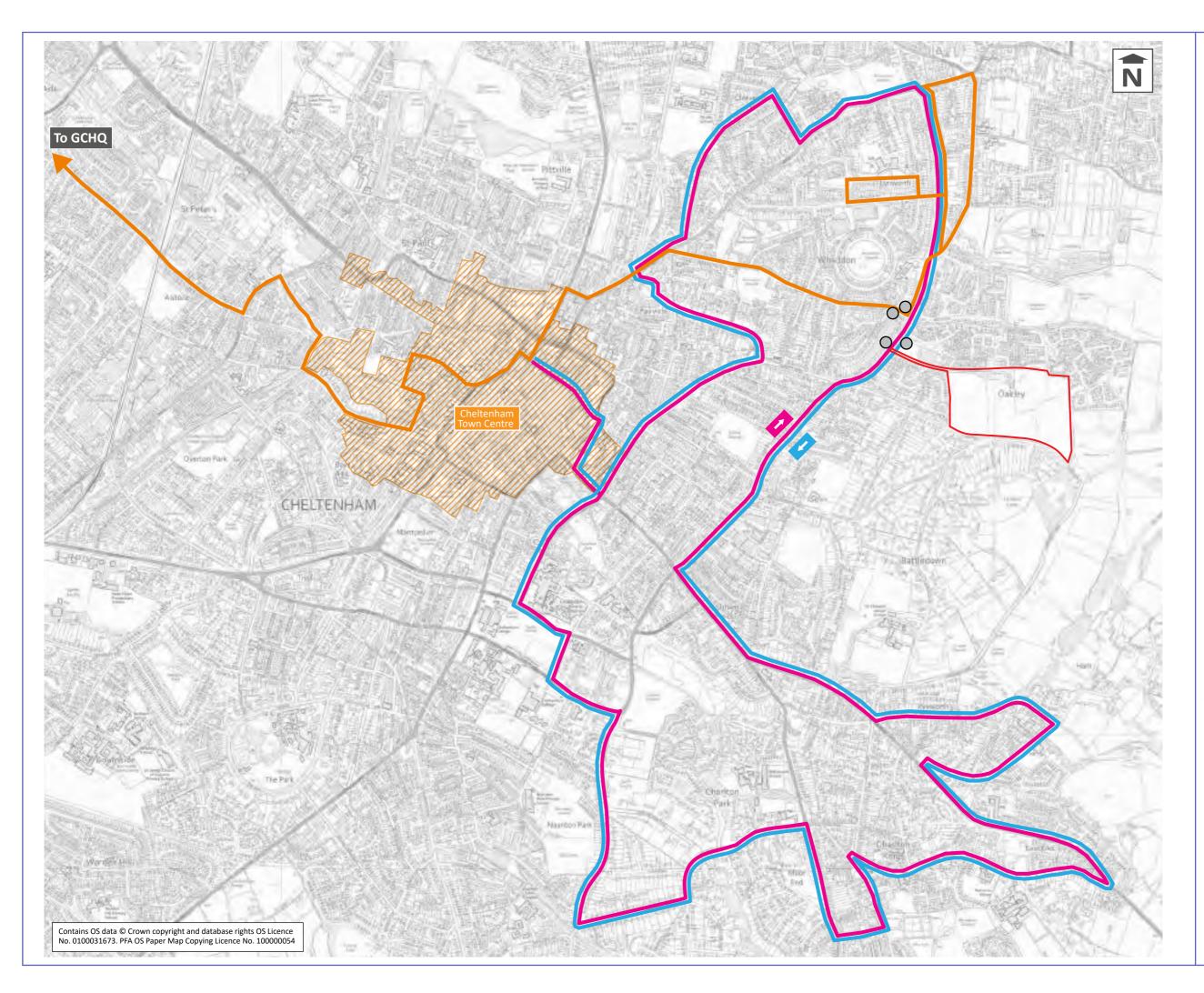
Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
		A high proportion of collisions involving cyclists occur at junctions. Junctions therefore need particular attention to reduce the risk of collision. Junction treatments include: Minor/side roads – cyclist priority and/or speed reduction across side roads Major roads – separation of cyclists from motor traffic through junctions.	13. Conflicting movements at junctions		Side road junctions frequent and/ or untreated. Major junctions, conflicting cycle/ motor traffic movements not separated	Side road junctions infrequent and with effective entry treatments. Major junctions, principal conflicting cycle/ motor traffic movements separated.	Side roads closed or treated to blend in with footway. Major junctions, all conflicting cycle/motor traffic streams separated.	1	No side roads, though potential conflict at driveways, this has been reduced by off-setting route 0.5m from driveways to improve visibility.
Safety	Avoid complex design	users to process large amounts of	14. Legible road markings and road layout		Faded, old, unclear, complex road markings/ unclear or unfamiliar road layout.	Generally legible road markings and road layout but some elements could be improved	Clear, understandable, simple road markings and road layout	2	Route has a simple layout and is straightforward to follow.
	Consider and reduce risk from kerbside activity	Routes should be assessed in terms of all multi-functional uses of a street including car parking, bus stops, parking, including collision with opened door.	15. Conflict with kerbside activity	Narrow cycle lanes <1.5m or less (including any buffer) alongside parking/loading	Significant conflict with kerbside activity (eg nearside cycle lane < 2m (including buffer) wide alongside kerbside parking)	Some conflict with kerbside activity – eg less frequent activity on nearside of cyclists, min 2m cycle lanes including buffer.	No/very limited conflict with kerbside activity or width of cycle lane including buffer exceeds 3m.	1	Potential conflict with vehicles accessing driveways, and pedestrians, including those accessing bus stops; though conflict should not be that frequent.
	Reduce severity of collisions where they do occur	Wherever possible routes should include "evasion room" (such as grass verges) and avoid any unnecessary physical hazards such as guardrail, build outs, etc. to reduce the severity of a collision should it occur.	16. Evasion room and unnecessary hazards		Cyclists at risk of being trapped by physical hazards along more than half of the route.	The number of physical hazards could be further reduced	The route includes evasion room and avoids any physical hazards.	1	No physical hazards on route and route is buffered by 0.5m from driveways. Potential conflict when giving way to join/leave route on Whaddon Rd, though this is minimised due to good visibility and give way markings when leaving route.

Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
	Surface quality	Density of defects including non cycle friendly ironworks, raised/sunken covers/gullies, potholes, poor quality carriageway paint (eg from previous cycle lane)	17. Major and minor defects		Numerous minor defects or any number of major defects	Minor and occasional defects	Smooth high grip surface	2	Whole of route is to be resurfaced.
		Pavement or carriageway construction providing smooth and level surface	18. Surface type		Any bumpy, unbound, slippery, and potentially hazardous surface.	Hand-laid materials, concrete paviours with frequent joints.	Machine laid smooth and non-slip surface – eg Thin Surfacing, or firm and closely jointed blocks undisturbed by turning heavy vehicles.	2	Whole of route is to be resurfaced.
	Effective width without conflict	Cyclists should be able to comfortably cycle without risk of conflict with other users both on and off road.	19. Desirable minimum widths according to volume of cyclists and route type (where cyclists are separated from motor vehicles).		More than 25% of the route includes cycle provision with widths which are no more than 25% below desirable minimum values.	No more than 25% of the route includes cycle provision with widths which are no more than 25% below desirable minimum	Recommended widths are maintained throughout whole route	2	Minimum width of 3m provided and able to accommodate up to 300 cyclists and pedestrians per hour.
Comfort	Wayfinding	Non-local cyclists should be able to navigate the routes without the need to refer to maps.	20. Signing		Route signing is poor with signs missing at key decision points.	Gaps identified in route signing which could be improved	Route is well signed with signs located at all decision points and junctions	2	Signage to be provided at both ends of proposed works.
less	Social safety and perceived vulnerability of user	Routes should be appealing and be perceived as safe and usable. Well used, well maintained, lit, overlooked routes are more attractive and therefore more likely to be used.	21. Lighting		Most or all of route is unlit	Short and infrequent unlit/ poorly lit sections	Route is lit to highway standards throughout	1	Existing street lighting is focused on road, and not on the deep verge that the proposed shared cycle/footway will be provided in. Consideration to be given to pedestrian/cyclist specific lighting.
Attractiveness			22. Isolation		Route is generally away from activity	Route is mainly overlooked and is not far from activity throughout its length	Route is overlooked throughout its length	2	Route is adjacent to Priors Road.

Key requirement	Factor	Design principle	Indicators	Critical	0 (Red)	1 (Amber)	2 (Green)	Score	Comments
	Impact on pedestrians, including people with disabilities	on-road rather than using footways which are not suitable for shared use. Introducing cycling onto well used	23. Impact on pedestrians, Pedestrian Comfort Level based on Pedestrian Comfort guide for London (Section 6.1)		Route impacts negatively on pedestrian provision, Pedestrian Comfort is at Level C or below.	No impact on pedestrian provision or Pedestrian Comfort Leve remains at B or above.	Pedestrian provision enhanced by cycling provision, or Pedestrian Comfort Level remains at A	2	Proposals not anticipated to impact on pedestrian comfort levels, and existing comfort levels are A, with plenty of space for pedestrians.
	Minimise street clutter	layout	24. Signs informative and consistent but not overbearing or of inappropriate size		Large number of signs needed, difficult to follow and/ or leading to clutter	Moderate amount of signing particularly around junctions.	Signing for wayfinding purposes only and not causing additional obstruction.	2	Signage provided for wayfinding purposes only at both ends of route.
	Secure cycle parking		25. Evidence of bicycles parked to street furniture or cycle stands		No additional cycle parking provided or inadequate provision in insecure non overlooked areas	Some secure cycle parking provided but not enough to meet demand	Secure cycle parking provided, sufficient to meet demand	0	No cycle parking provided, though trip attractors along area of proposed works.
	Audit Score Total					37/50	74%		

2. The proposed scheme scores 74%, above the minimum score required under CLoS of 70%. It is therefore considered that the proposed scheme is appropriate to be implemented.





PFA consulting					
	Stratton Park House Wanborough Road Swindon SN3 4HG				
	T 01793 828000 F 01793 835500 E admin@pfaplc.com W www.pfaplc.com				
	Site Boundary (indicative only)				
Bus F	Routes				
_	Service A				
_	 Service Q Circular 				
_	Service P Circular				
0	Bus Stops				
0	500m				
Client					
Rol	bert Hitchins Ltd				
Project Land at Oakley Farm, Battledown, Cheltenham					
Figure Title					
Existing Bus Services					
Figure No	Figure 4				
Date Drawn By Checked By Scale File Ref Doc Ref	June 2021 GT JA See Scale Bar P628/Figures/Appeal/Fig4.ai P628 Appeal				

